06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

7861.0210 DEFINITIONS.

1.1

1.2

1.3

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

1.10

1.11

1.12

1.13

1.14

1.15

1.16

1.17

1.18

1.19

1.20

1.21

1.22

1.23

1.24

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 2a. **Application software.** "Application software" means those computer programs that direct an electronic game system to perform those specific information-processing activities that permit the operation of electronic pull-tab games or electronic linked bingo games, permit the collection and recording of game information, and permit the reporting of that information to the Gambling Control Board and the Department of Revenue. The application software overlays the operating system software and is unable to function without the operating system software.

[For text of subps 3 to 7, see M.R.]

Subp. 7a. Board. "Board" means the Gambling Control Board.

Subp. 7b. **Bonus play.** "Bonus play" means a feature of an electronic pull-tab game in which certain tickets in the pull-tab deal give players the opportunity to make additional selections to reveal or determine the value of the prize won for the initially opened electronic pull-tab ticket.

Subp. 8. **Breakopen bingo game.** "Breakopen bingo game" means a bingo game in which the organization randomly selects a predetermined quantity of bingo numbers and posts the selected bingo numbers. A breakopen bingo game must be conducted using sealed bingo paper sheets or bingo faces that are electronically generated only after the face has been purchased by the player.

[For text of subp 9, see M.R.]

Subp. 9a. **Central server**. "Central server" means the manufacturer's computer equipment that houses the operating system, supporting hardware, electronic gaming application software, communications network system, and databases required for

2.1	electronic game operations, and stores and manages electronic gaming data between
2.2	individual electronic gaming points of sale. Central servers must be located in Minnesota
2.3	[For text of subps 10 and 11, see M.R.]
2.4	Subp. 11a. Communications network. "Communications network" means an
2.5	Internet-based communications system used for the data transfer of all transactions
2.6	associated with the conduct of electronic games. For lawful gambling purposes,
2.7	communications network includes data transmission service and equipment required
2.8	to provide the Internet signal at the lawful gambling premises up to the first piece of
2.9	equipment required at the point of sale system maintained by the licensed organization as
2.10	part of an approved electronic gaming system.
2.11	[For text of subps 12 to 15, see M.R.]
2.12	Subp. 15a. Electronic gambling equipment. "Electronic gambling equipment"
2.13	means:
2.14	A. electronic pull-tab devices;
2.15	B. electronic bingo devices;
2.16	C. programmable electronic devices;
2.17	D. electronic pull-tab systems;
2.18	E. electronic linked bingo game systems;
2.19	F. electronic paddlewheels;
2.20	G. upgrades or changes to previously approved and tested equipment;
2.21	H. other technical hardware devices used in conjunction with lawful gambling
2.22	equipment; and
2.23	I. software applications and version upgrades used in conjunction with lawful

2.24

gambling equipment.

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

3.10

3.11

3.12

3.13

3.14

3.15

3.16

3.17

3.18

3.19

3.20

3.21

3.22

3.23

3.24

3.25

	1001		741101
Subp. 15b. Electronic game occasi	on. "Electronic	game occasion" n	neans a
consecutive period of time during which	credits are sold	for the purchase of	f electronic
pull-tabs or electronic linked bingo or cre	edits from the pl	ay of electronic pu	ıll-tabs or
electronic linked bingo are redeemed.			

Subp. 15c. **Electronic game system.** "Electronic game system" means all components in electronic, computer, mechanical, or other technologic form that function together to support the play of one or more electronic pull-tab games and electronic linked bingo games, including all functions required by the standards in parts 7863.0270, 7864.0230, and 7864.0235.

[For text of subps 16 and 17, see M.R.]

Subp. 17a. **Facsimile of a pull-tab ticket.** "Facsimile of a pull-tab ticket" means an electronic representation resembling a pull-tab ticket where symbols are revealed to the player in an automated format and the winning symbols are arranged in a straight-line method.

[For text of subps 18 to 30, see M.R.]

Subp. 31. **Leased bingo premises.** If bingo and other forms of lawful gambling are conducted during a bingo occasion on a leased premises and the rent amount is based on the square footage of the leased premises, the "leased bingo premises" includes:

[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]

H. entrance foyers used exclusively by bingo players or the organization's gambling employees.

Other areas not used exclusively by bingo players or the organization's gambling employees are not included in leased bingo premises. Measurements of leased areas are taken from internal wall to internal wall.

[For text of subps 32 and 33, see M.R.]

Subp. 33a. **Local server.** "Local server" means a computer server, located at the physical location where lawful gambling activity will occur, that stores the game application software and which stores and communicates all game play information and accounting and inventory data records to a central server, to which a licensed distributor or linked bingo game provider has access.

[For text of subps 34 to 36, see M.R.]

Subp. 37. **Multiple seal game.** "Multiple seal game" means a pull-tab or tipboard game in which select tickets are redeemed by players for a predetermined prize amount under a seal number matching the paper pull-tab ticket presented by the player or seal as determined by the player of an electronic pull-tab game, if applicable.

Subp. 38. Net receipts. "Net receipts" are gross receipts less prizes awarded.

Subp. 38a. **Operating system software.** "Operating system software" means nongambling software that communicates with the computer hardware to manage computer hardware resources and allows all applications, including gaming applications, to run.

[For text of subps 39 and 40, see M.R.]

Subp. 40a. Paddlewheel; mechanical, electronic.

A. A mechanical paddlewheel is a manually operated vertical wheel that operates only with a free-spinning bearing system and the contact of the pointer with pegs. The vertical wheel is marked off into equally spaced sections, has protruding pegs on its face, and has a pointer positioned above the paddlewheel.

- B. An electronic paddlewheel is an electronic representation of a paddlewheel that uses a random number generator to determine winning paddlewheel numbers.
- Subp. 40b. **Point of sale.** "Point of sale" is the place where customers purchase chances for participation in a lawful gambling game.

4.1

4.2

4.3

4.4

4.5

4.6

4.7

4.8

4.9

4.10

4.11

4.12

4.13

4.14

4.15

4.16

4.17

4.18

4.19

4.20

4.21

4.22

4.23

0.610.014.4		THE PARTY AND ADDRESS.	and the second s
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
UU/U2/14	NEVIOUS	J/31X/J/X	ARAIALAL

Subp. 40c. **Point of sale system.** "Point of sale system" is a computerized checkout or cash register system that meets the standards in part 7861.0280, subpart 9.

Subp. 41. **Progressive bingo game.** "Progressive bingo game" is a game in which the established prize levels increase from one game or occasion to the next up to a predetermined amount if the required pattern is not completed within the specified number of bingo numbers selected and called during the previous game or occasion.

[For text of subps 42 and 43, see M.R.]

- Subp. 44. **Random number generator.** "Random number generator" means a device that has an automated method of selecting game symbols or producing game outcomes based on a preset number of chances available for random selection.
- A. This subpart is only applicable to electronic game systems or devices that utilize a random number generator, which must:
 - (1) be statistically independent;

5.1

5.2

5.3

5.4

5.5

5.6

5.7

5.8

5.9

5.10

5.11

5.12

5.13

5.14

5.15

5.16

5.17

5.18

5.19

5.20

5.21

5.22

5.23

5.24

5.25

- (2) conform to the desired random distribution;
- (3) pass various recognized statistical tests as identified in item B;
- (4) allow for each possible permutation of game elements that produces winning or losing game outcomes to be available for random selection at the initiation of each play, unless otherwise denoted by the game; and
- (5) not make a variable secondary decision that affects the result shown to the player, such as the random number generator choosing an outcome that the game will be a loser.
- B. The random number generator and random selection process must be impervious to electromagnetic interference, electrostatic interference, radio frequency interference, and other influences from outside the system or device that may affect the game outcome. Recognized statistical tests used to determine whether or not the random

7861.0210 5

0.1	values produced by the random number generator pass the desired confidence level of
6.2	99 percent include:
6.3	(1) chi-square test;
6.4	(2) equi-distribution (frequency) test;
6.5	(3) gap test;
6.6	(4) overlaps test;
6.7	(5) poker test
6.8	(6) coupon collector's test;
6.9	(7) permutation test;
6.10	(8) Kolmogorov-Smirnov test;
6.11	(9) adjacency criterion tests;
6.12	(10) order statistic test;
6.13	(11) run tests (patterns of occurrences should not be recurrent);
6.14	(12) correlation test;
6.15	(13) tests on subsequences;
6.16	(14) Poisson distribution; and
6.17	(15) other recognized statistical tests determining the desired 99 percent
6.18	confidence level.
6.19	C. The random number generator must meet the standards under parts
6.20	7863.0270, subpart 1; 7864.0230, subparts 5, 6, 9a, and 10a; and 7864.0235.
5.21	[For text of subps 45 and 46, see M.R.]
5.22	Subp. 47. Sealed bingo paper sheet. "Sealed bingo paper sheet" means a
5.23	manufacturer-sealed bingo paper sheet constructed so that the bingo face is sealed in a

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4

7.1 manner that prevents revealing any part of the bingo face before the seal is opened by a 7.2 bingo player. Sealed bingo paper sheet also includes facsimiles used with an electronic bingo device. 7.3 Subp. 47a. Secured data transmission. "Secured data transmission" means a 7.4 method of data transmission employing encryption conforming to Advanced Encryption 7.5 7.6 Standard (AES) specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and 7.7 Technology (NIST) to protect the data from unauthorized access or tampering. 7.8 [For text of subp 48, see M.R.] 7.9 Subp. 49. State registration stamp. "State registration stamp" means the stamp 7.10 required by part 7863.0220, subpart 3, and Minnesota Statutes, section 349.162, 7.11 subdivision 1, and attached to a bingo number selection device, pull-tab dispensing device. paddlewheel, or paddlewheel table. 7.12 7.13 [For text of subp 50, see M.R.] 7861.0215 INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE. 7.14 For the purposes of chapters 7861 to 7865, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 7.15 specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) are 7.16 incorporated by reference. The AES specifications are subject to change and are available 7.17 to the public free of charge at the State Law Library and at http://csrc.nist.gov/publications. 7.18 7861.0260 CONDUCT OF LAWFUL GAMBLING. 7.19 Subpart 1. General restrictions. The following items are general restrictions on 7.20 the conduct of lawful gambling. 7.21 [For text of items A and B, see M.R.] 7.22

C. At each permitted premises, the organization must have:

(1) an inventory list of gambling equipment currently at the site;

7861.0260 7

7.23

8.1	(2) a clear, physical separation or a tangible divider between the
8.2	organization's disposable gambling equipment stored at the premises and the lessor's
8.3	business equipment; and
3.4	(3) the invoices or true and correct copies of the invoices for the purchase
8.5	of all gambling equipment at the premises other than invoices for the purchase of
3.6	electronic pull-tab games, and must make the invoices available for inspection by the
3.7	board and its agents and the commissioners of revenue and public safety and their agents.
3.8	[For text of items D to I, see M.R.]
3.9	[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]
3.10	Subp. 4. Prizes awarded; records required.
3.11	[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
3.12	C. A prize must consist of cash, merchandise, certificates for merchandise,
3.13	certificates for services, gift certificates, or gift cards with the following exceptions and
3.14	restrictions:
3.15	[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]
3.16	(4) a certificate for merchandise or services must contain:
3.17	(a) a complete description, including the value of the merchandise or
3.18	services to be redeemed by the certificate;
3.19	(b) the vendor's name from whom the certificate must be redeemed; and
3.20	(c) a statement expressly prohibiting the substitution of cash or another
3.21	type of merchandise or services for the merchandise or services described on the certificate;
3.22	[For text of subitems (5) and (6), see M.R.]
3.23	[For text of items D to J, see M.R.]

9.1	K. When a player presents a valid driver's license, a U.S. military identification
9.2	card, or another form of government-issued picture identification to participate in
9.3	electronic gaming, the organization must register the following information:
9.4	(1) the player's name as shown on the identification card;
9.5	(2) the identification card number;
9.6	(3) the date and time when issuing the device to the player;
9.7	(4) the serial number or other unique identifier of the device issued; and
9.8	(5) the time when the device was returned.
9,9	The organization must keep the registration information for a minimum of five days.
9.10	Subp. 5. Prize receipts required.
9.11	A. When a prize is awarded, the organization must complete a prize receipt in a
9.12	format prescribed by the board for the following:
9.13	[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]
9.14	(3) a winning paper pull-tab or tipboard ticket valued at \$100 or more, or
9.15	for any prize for redeeming the last ticket sold in a paper pull-tab or tipboard game for
9.16	which the distributor has modified the flare to contain a last sale prize of \$20 or more. The
9.17	winning ticket, and winning seal tab if any, must be stapled to the prize receipt; and
9.18	(4) a paddlewheel prize valued at \$100 or more, and the winning ticket
9.19	must be stapled to the prize receipt.
0.20	B. A prize receipt must include at a minimum the following, in a legible
0.21	format and in ink:
).22	(1) the organization's name;
23	[For text of subitems (2) to (6) see M.R.]

06/09/14	*	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
00/07/17		102 110010	ADIMAIX	111111111

10.1	(7) the winner's complete name and address, and driver's license number,
10.2	including state of license registration:
10.3	(a) if the winner does not have a driver's license, the winner's complete
10.4	name and identification number must be obtained from another form of government-issued
10.5	picture identification belonging to the winner; or
10.6	(b) if a bingo winner does not have a driver's license or other form
10.7	of government-issued picture identification, the prize receipt must contain the name
10.8	and address of the winner, and a driver's license or other government-issued picture
10.9	identification, including the complete name, identification number, and the signature in
10.10	ink, of another person playing bingo during that occasion; and
10.11	(8) signatures, in ink, of the winner and the gambling employee or
10.12	volunteer paying the winner.
10.13	[For text of subp 6, see M.R.]
10.14	Subp. 7. Return of defective paper pull-tab or tipboard game to distributor or
10.14 10.15	Subp. 7. Return of defective paper pull-tab or tipboard game to distributor or revenue.
10.15	revenue.
10.15 10.16	revenue. A. If, before being put into play, a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is determined
10.15 10.16 10.17	A. If, before being put into play, a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is determined not to be manufactured according to the standards in part 7864.0230, the organization
10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18	A. If, before being put into play, a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is determined not to be manufactured according to the standards in part 7864.0230, the organization must return the game to the distributor. The game must be returned within seven business
10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18 10.19	A. If, before being put into play, a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is determined not to be manufactured according to the standards in part 7864.0230, the organization must return the game to the distributor. The game must be returned within seven business days of determining that the standards, including the following, were not met:
10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18 10.19	A. If, before being put into play, a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is determined not to be manufactured according to the standards in part 7864.0230, the organization must return the game to the distributor. The game must be returned within seven business days of determining that the standards, including the following, were not met: [For text of subitems (1) to (8), see M.R.]

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

7861.0260 10

11.1	C. If, after a paper pull-tab or tipboard game is removed from play, the game
11.2	is determined not to be manufactured according to the standards in part 7864.0230, the
11.3	organization must report the game as played on the tax return.
11.4	[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]
11.5	[For text of item D, see M.R.]
11.6	[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]
11.7	Subp. 9. Closing an electronic game occasion; records and reports.
11.8	A. At the end of each electronic game occasion, the point of sale system must
11.9	produce:
11.10	(1) for devices that play both electronic pull-tab games and electronic
11.11	linked bingo games, a record of the total value of credits purchased, the total value of
11.12	credits redeemed, and the net value of credit for the electronic game occasion;
11.13	(2) a record of the gross electronic pull-tab receipts, the value of electronic
11.14	pull-tab prizes awarded, and electronic pull-tab net receipts for the electronic game
11.15	occasion;
11.16	(3) a record of the electronic linked bingo gross receipts, the value of
11.17	electronic linked bingo prize contribution to be paid to the linked bingo game provider,
11.18	and the electronic linked bingo net receipts for the electronic game occasion;
11.19	(4) a reconciliation of the cash in hand and the total net receipts that
11.20	calculates the cash long or short amounts for the electronic game occasion; and
11.21	(5) separate summaries for all bar operation and booth operation electronic
11.22	game activity conducted on the same day at the same premises.
11.23	B. If the lessor provides the starting cash bank, the lessor must transfer the net
11 24	cash value of credits from the electronic game occasion to the licensed organization

C. If the organization provides the starting cash bank, the net value of credits must be compared to the cash in hand amount to determine the cash long or short for the electronic game occasion.

AR4181ST

- D. An organization must keep electronic game occasion records and reports for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the electronic game occasion was conducted and reported on the tax return. An organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports in an electronic format. An organization must make records and reports available in paper format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or their agents upon request.
- Subp. 10. **Defective electronic pull-tab game or electronic linked bingo game.** If an electronic pull-tab game or an electronic linked bingo game is found to be defective, the organization must immediately:
- 12.13 A. suspend the electronic pull-tab game or electronic linked bingo game from 12.14 play;
 - B. close the game; and
- 12.16 C. notify the distributor or the linked bingo game provider and the board of the
 12.17 defective electronic pull-tab game or defective electronic linked bingo game within one
 12.18 business day.
 - Subp. 11. Defective, altered, lost, or stolen electronic pull-tab device or electronic linked bingo device.
- A. If an electronic pull-tab device or an electronic linked bingo device is found to be defective or altered, the organization must immediately remove the device from play and notify the distributor or the linked bingo game provider and the board.

12.1

12.2

12.3

12.4

12.5

12.6

12.7

12.8

12.9

12.15

12.19

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

B. If an electronic pull-tab device or an electronic linked bingo device is lost or stolen, the organization must immediately notify the distributor or the linked bingo game provider and the board.

C. The organization must report to the board any removal of a defective or an altered electronic pull-tab device or electronic linked bingo device, or any lost or stolen device, at a site within one business day.

7861.0270 BINGO.

13.1

13.2

13.3

13.4

13.5

13.6

13.7

13.8

13.9

13.10

13.11

13.12

13.13

13.14

13.15

13.16

13.17

13.18

13.19

13.20

13.21

13.22

13.23

13.24

13.25

[For text of subp 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Posting of bingo information and house rules.** In addition to the information required by part 7861.0260, subpart 2, an organization must prominently post at the point of sale, display on all active electronic linked bingo devices, or state in its bingo program the following information:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **Bingo equipment to be used.** An organization must comply with the following for the conduct of bingo.

[For text of items A to I, see M.R.]

J. An organization may permit a player who is legally blind to bring and use a Braille or large print hard card. A Braille hard card must contain the letters and numbers required by part 7861.0210, subpart 3, in a format that can be verified by sight by a person who is not able to read Braille. An organization may disallow the use of a Braille or large print hard card that does not comply with requirements for bingo hard cards or linked bingo paper. For the use of a personal Braille or large print hard card, an organization must charge a person who is visually impaired the same price charged for a bingo hard card or bingo paper sheet face. Large print hard cards may not be used to participate in electronic linked bingo games.

14.1	Subp. 3a. Use of electronic bingo devices. An organization may offer electronic
14.2	bingo devices, as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12, subdivision 12a, to be
14.3	used by players if the following requirements are met.
14.4	A. The number of bingo faces that may be played per game must be limited to
14.5	36 for each device.
14.6	B. A player is limited to the use of not more than two electronic bingo devices
14.7	so long as one is used exclusively for the play of electronic linked bingo.
14.8	C. The device may be used with a facsimile of a bingo paper sheet. If a
14.9	facsimile is used, the organization must provide the player with a sales receipt at the
14.10	point of sale. This provision does not apply to electronic bingo devices used to conduct
14.11	electronic linked bingo.
14.12	D. The device must be used as part of a bingo occasion and must have no added
14.13	function as a gambling or entertainment device according to part 7864.0230, subpart 6,
14.14	except that an electronic bingo device that is used for electronic linked bingo games may
14.15	be used as an electronic pull-tab device.
14.16	[For text of items E to H, see M.R.]
14.17	Subp. 4. Bingo programs made available. Bingo programs must be made available
14.18	to all players before the start of each bingo occasion.
14.19	A. Hard card and paper bingo programs must include at a minimum the
14.20	following information:
14.21	[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]
14.22	(3) for bingo games played on bingo paper sheets, a description of the
14.23	bingo paper to be used, including:
14.24	[For text of units (a) to (d), see M.R.]

JSK/JK

AR4181ST

15.1	[For text of subitem (4), see M.R.]
15.2	(5) date the program is implemented;
15.3	(6) days and times the program will be used; and
15.4	(7) explanation of limiting bingo number counts, if used.
15.5	B. Electronic linked bingo programs must include at a minimum the following
15.6	information:
15.7	(1) name and license number of the linked bingo game provider;
15.8	(2) for each game, a written description and illustration of the winning
15.9	bingo pattern or bingo game requirements;
15.10	(3) prizes to be offered and any factors used to determine the prize payout
15.11	structure for each game; and
15.12	(4) explanation of winning bingo number counts, if used.
15.13	Electronic linked bingo programs must be posted at the point of sale or be available
15.14	for viewing on each electronic linked bingo device.
15.15	C. The organization must maintain a copy of the hard card or paper bingo
15.16	program in use for each bingo occasion conducted and must make the program available
15.17	to the board upon request.
15.18	Subp. 5. Sales to bingo players; use of coupons. An organization must comply
15.19	with the following for sales made to bingo players.
15.20	A. Coupons may be used to reduce the selling price of bingo paper to the players
15.21	from the price stated on the distributor invoice or to reduce the selling price of hard cards
15.22	to the players if the following information is maintained for each redeemed coupon:
15.23	(1) the person's name and address;

16.1	(2) the monetary difference between the price of the bingo paper as listed
16.2	on the distributor's invoice and the price paid by the person redeeming the coupon; and
16.3	(3) the printed name and signature, in ink, of the person redeeming the
16.4	coupon.
16.5	B. The sale of bingo hard cards or bingo paper and the rental of electronic bingo
16.6	devices must comply with the following.
16.7	(1) The sales must be on a cash basis and take place at the permitted
16.8	premises during or immediately preceding the bingo occasion for which they are sold.
16.9	Sales of gift certificates for bingo hard cards, bingo paper, or for the use of an electronic
16.10	bingo device may be conducted at any time at the permitted premises.
16.11	(2) All linked bingo paper sheets must be sold for the same price to all
16.12	players.
16.13	(3) Before the start of a specific bingo game, players must pay for bingo
16.14	hard cards and bingo paper. This restriction does not pertain to the sale of sealed paper
16.15	used in a breakopen bingo game.
16.16	(4) Before selling packets or packages after the first game in a bingo
16.17	occasion has started, an organization must deface the bingo paper for games already
16.18	played or in play.
16.19	(5) Bingo paper is valid only for the bingo occasion for which it was
16.20	purchased by a player.
16.21	(6) The price of a bingo face played on a device may not be less than the
16.22	price of a face on a bingo paper sheet sold for the same game at the same occasion.
16.23	(7) An organization must not offer free or discounted bingo hard cards or

7861.0270 16

16.24

bingo paper, unless the price is reduced with a coupon.

06100111	•	DELITOOD	TOTT ITTE	1 TO 14 O4 CITE
06/09/14		REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

Subp. 6. **Beginning a bingo game.** A bingo game begins with the first letter and number called.

A. Before the start of a bingo game, the bingo pattern or bingo game requirement must be described and verbally announced to the players. In games where players fill in the numbers on bingo paper sheet faces or facsimiles used with an electronic bingo device, the numbers must correspond to the appropriate columns on a bingo paper sheet face and the required pattern. Only the numbers 1 to 15 may be placed in the "B" column, 16 to 30 in the "I" column, 31 to 45 in the "N" column, 46 to 60 in the "G" column, and 61 to 75 in the "O" column. A bingo pattern or bingo game requirement may not be completed with less than four bingo numbers having been drawn.

[For text of items B to G, see M.R.]

- Subp. 7. Closing a bingo game. Except for linked bingo games, an organization must close each bingo game with the following procedure.
- A. The game must be stopped after a player has declared a valid bingo.

17.15 [For text of items B to D, see M.R.]

[For text of subps 8 and 9, see M.R.]

Subp. 10. **Linked bingo game.** In addition to other requirements in part 7861.0270 and in conjunction with a licensed linked bingo game provider under parts 7863.0250 and 7863.0260, an organization must also comply with the following for the conduct of a linked bingo game.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. The bingo numbers must be recorded in the order in which they were selected.

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

7861.0270

17.1

17.2

17.3

17.4

17.5

17.6

17.7

17.8

17.9

17.10

17.11

17.12

17.13

17.14

17.16

17.17

17.18

17.19

17.20

17.21

17.22

18.1

18.2

18.3

18.4

18.5

18.6

18.7

18.8

18.9

18.10

18.11

18.12

18.13

18.14

18.15

18.16

18.17

18.18

18.19

18.20

18.21

18.22

18.23

18.24

18.25

E.	The organization must report the sales to the linked bingo game provide
before the fi	rst bingo number is selected.

REVISOR

- A linked bingo game may be stopped once a winning bingo pattern has been completed.
- G. A winning pattern or bingo game requirement must be verified in the following manner:
- (1) after a winning pattern or bingo game requirement has been declared by a player for a linked bingo game conducted with paper bingo sheets, the winning linked bingo paper face or facsimile of the winning linked bingo paper face must be verified by the participating organization and confirmed by the linked bingo game provider; or
- (2) after a winning pattern or bingo game requirement has been achieved by a player for an electronic linked bingo game, the winning linked bingo face must be electronically verified by the linked bingo game provider.
- H. After a winner has been declared and verified for a linked bingo game conducted with paper bingo sheets, the participating organization at the permitted premises where the win occurred must notify the linked bingo game provider of the winner's name, address, and all information required for federal and Minnesota tax requirements before any payment is issued. If applicable, any participating organization other than the organization at the winning location may continue play of the game at the permitted premises and award a consolation prize.
- I. After a winner has been declared and verified for a linked bingo game conducted on an electronic bingo device, the participating organization at the permitted premises where the win occurred must notify the linked bingo game provider of the winner's name, address, and all information required for federal and Minnesota tax requirements before any payment is issued to a winner of a prize of \$600 or greater.

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

For any prize won of less than \$600, the prize amount must be credited to the player's account on the electronic device.

Subp. 11. **Bingo records and reports.** Bingo records and reports must be completed in ink by the organization, and kept for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the occasion was conducted and reported on the tax return. Each organization using bingo paper must maintain inventory records in a format prescribed by the board. Any changes or amendments made to bingo records and reports must contain the initials, in ink, of the person making the changes or amendments. With the exception of completed prize receipt forms and coupons, records and reports may be maintained or converted and stored in an electronic format. Upon request, records and reports must be made available in paper format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or their agents.

[For text of subps 12 to 21, see M.R.]

7861.0280 PAPER PULL-TABS.

19.1

19.2

19.3

19.4

19.5

19.6

19.7

19.8

19.9

19.10

19.11

19.12

19.13

19.14

19.19

19.20

- 19.15 Subpart 1. **Paper pull-tab restrictions.** In addition to the restrictions and requirements in part 7861.0260, the following apply to the conduct of paper pull-tabs.
- 19.17 A. The pull-tab seller must not assist players in the opening of purchased paper 19.18 pull-tabs.
 - B. An organization must not award a prize for paper pull-tab tickets that were sold by another organization.
- 19.21 C. An organization must not transfer games in play from one permitted 19.22 premises to another.
- D. At a leased permitted premises, an organization must not transfer paper pull-tab games in play between a booth and bar operation.

06/00/14	DEGREE	TCITZ /TTZ	A TO 44 04 OF
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

20.1	E. If an organization owns the permitted premises, the organization may transfer
20.2	paper pull-tab games in play between its booth and bar operation.
20.3	Subp. 1a. Paper pull-tab sales at premises offering electronic pull-tab sales. For
20.4	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 349.1721, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (3),
20.5	the following apply to paper pull-tab sales at premises offering electronic pull-tab sales:
20.6	A. At a bar operation premises, paper pull-tabs must be offered for sale during
20.7	all times electronic pull-tabs are offered for sale.
20.8	B. Electronic pull-tab games may be conducted at a booth operation premises
20.9	only if paper pull-tabs are offered for sale during all times the booth is open.
20.10	Subp. 2. Posting of information and paper pull-tab flare. In addition to the
20.11	information required by part 7861.0260, subpart 2, an organization must post the flare for
20.12	each deal of paper pull-tabs in play.
20.13	[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
20.14	C. An organization may not change the flare except:
20.15	(1) to post a progressive jackpot amount; or
20.16	(2) to record the method of selecting a winning ticket for a paper pull-tab
20.17	event game.
20.18	D. An organization may not use a flare that it receives in an altered or defaced
20.19	condition except for flares that contain a last sale sticker added by the distributor.
20.20	E. If a progressive paper pull-tab game is played, the organization must also
20.21	post the flare containing the current progressive jackpot amount while the game is in play.
20.22	F. If a cumulative paper pull-tab game is played, the organization must also post
20.23	the prize pool board while the game is in play.

20

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

Subp. 3. **Operation of paper pull-tab or event game.** Paper pull-tab games must be conducted in the following manner.

21.1

21.2

21.3

21.4

21.5

21.6

21.7

21.8

21.9

21.10

21.11

21.12

21.13

21.14

21.15

21.16

21.17

21.18

21.19

21.20

21.21

21.22

21.23

21.24

21.25

- A. A deal of paper pull-tabs may not be placed out for play in the original container in which it was received. When a deal of paper pull-tabs is put into play, all of the paper pull-tabs must be placed out for play at the same time. All of the paper pull-tabs must be randomly removed from the original containers and thoroughly mixed before a deal of paper pull-tabs is offered for sale. Tiered containers may not be used for the sale of paper pull-tabs.
- B. An organization may not put into play any paper pull-tab or pull-tab flare that has been marked, defaced, altered, or tampered with, or operate a paper pull-tab game in a manner that tends to deceive the public or affects the chances of winning or losing.
- C. Separate cash banks must be maintained for each deal unless a point of sale system that meets the standards in this part is used or the deal is played through a paper pull-tab dispensing device.
- D. Each paper pull-tab must be sold for the price on the flare. A paper pull-tab may not be given to a player free of charge or for any other consideration.
- E. An organization may not award a prize to a player unless the player redeems a winning paper pull-tab. A prize payout must not be made to any player for a lost, marked, defaced, or altered paper pull-tab, or for any winning paper pull-tab that left the permitted premises where the deal is in play.
- F. The pull-tab seller must immediately deface each winning paper pull-tab when it is redeemed by the player.
- G. For paper pull-tab event games where a winning ticket is determined by a method other than an instant win the following apply:

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

7861.0280 21

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

	06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
22.1	Subp. 4. Operation of cumulative p	oaper pull-tab gam	e. In addition to	the
22.2	requirements of subpart 3 the following its	ems pertain to the co	onduct of a cumul	lative
22.3	paper pull-tab game.			
22.4	A. Cumulative paper pull-tab ga	mes may only be pl	ayed with deals h	aving the
22.5	same form number from the same family a	and manufacturer.		
22.6	B. An organization may have m	ore than one deal in	a cumulative pap	er pull-tab
22.7	game in play at the same time but may not	t commingle deals.		
22.8	[For text of item	as C and D, see M.R	.]	
22,9	E. When closing or discontinuing	ng a deal within a cu	mulative paper po	ull-tab
22.10	game, the organization must immediately	open or uncover the	seal for that deal	l to
22.11	determine a winner, if any.			
22.12	Subp. 5. Operation of multiple seal	paper pull-tab gar	ne. In addition to	the
22.13	requirements of subpart 3, the following it	ems pertain to the co	onduct of a paper	pull-tab
22.14	game with multiple seals.			
22.15	[For text of item	s A and B, see M.R	.]	
22.16	Subp. 6. Operation of progressive p	paper pull-tab gam	e. In addition to	the
22.17	requirements of subpart 3, the following it	ems pertain to the co	onduct of a progre	essive
22.18	paper pull-tab game.			
22.19	A. A progressive paper pull-tab	game may only be p	layed with deals l	having the
22.20	same form number from the same family a	and manufacturer.		

jackpot amount listed on the flare, no additional contribution may be made to the 22.23 progressive jackpot. 22.24

amount towards the progressive jackpot. When the progressive jackpot reaches the

B. Each deal in a progressive paper pull-tab game must contribute the same

7861.0280 22

22.21

23.1	C. The holder of a paper pull-tab ticket that allows the player to be a potential
23.2	jackpot winner must also complete a contact information form that includes the
23.3	organization and game information, holder's name, address, telephone number, and the
23.4	selected progressive jackpot window or windows to be opened or uncovered if the player
23.5	is the seal prize winner.
23.6	[For text of item D, see M.R.]
23.7	E. If there is no seal prize winner or the progressive jackpot is not won, the nex
23.8	deal may be put in play or the progressive paper pull-tab game may be closed.
23.9	F. When the progressive jackpot is won, the organization must:
23.10	(1) have the winner complete and sign a progressive paper pull-tab jackpot
23.11	prize receipt. If the winner is not present when the jackpot window or windows are
23.12	opened or uncovered, the organization must send the prize receipt and notification letter
23.13	to the winner by certified mail within two business days. If the jackpot winner does not
23.14	claim the prize within 30 days of the date the certified letter was mailed, the prize will be
23.15	forfeited by the player;
23.16	(2) pay the winner by check within four business days of receipt of the
23.17	signed prize receipt. The organization may pay the winner with cash if the jackpot prize
23.18	is less than \$600 and the seal prize winner is present when the winning seal is opened
23.19	or uncovered;
23.20	(3) furnish the winner with appropriate federal and state tax forms;
23.21	(4) collect completed federal and state tax forms from the winner; and
23.22	(5) process payment after withholding taxes.
23.23	Subp. 7. Use of a paper pull-tab dispensing device. If a paper pull-tab dispensing
23.24	device is used, the organization must comply with the following.

	A.	No more than three paper pull-tab dispensing devices in total may be
installed	or o	perated at a permitted premises by all organizations at the premises.

- B. An organization may not install or operate a paper pull-tab dispensing device at a permitted premises that does not have a valid license for on-premises sales of intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt beverages, except as allowed by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.151, subdivision 4b, paragraph (c).
- C. An organization may not install or operate a paper pull-tab dispensing device at a permitted premises where persons under age 18 are allowed to participate as players in bingo occasions conducted by exempt or excluded organizations.
 - D. The paper pull-tab dispensing device must be located within view of a gambling employee or volunteer.
- E. An organization may not use in a paper pull-tab dispensing device any paper pull-tab game that has a last sale prize.
- F. An organization must assign a unique identification code to every person authorized to access a paper pull-tab dispensing device. An organization must maintain an access log, in a format prescribed by the board, for each paper pull-tab dispensing device that it operates. The active access log must be kept in an interior compartment and when completed must be removed and kept with the organization's records.
- G. An organization must identify for players the paper pull-tab games that are placed in the individual columns of each pull-tab dispensing device.
- 24.21 H. When adding games to a paper pull-tab dispensing device, an organization must randomly put the entire deal into one or more columns. When tickets remain in only one column, the tickets may continue to be sold without further splitting into multiple columns.

7861.0280

24.1

24.2

24.3

24.4

24.5

24.6

24.7

24.8

24.9

24.10

24.11

24.12

24.13

24.14

24.15

24.16

24.17

24.18

24.19

I. An organization must maintain complete control of its paper pull-tab
dispensing devices. The gambling manager is responsible for all keys to each paper
pull-tab dispensing device with the following requirements.

(1) For each paper pull-tab dispensing device, the organization must maintain a key log on a form prescribed by the board. The key log must contain, at a minimum, the following information:

[For text of units (a) and (b), see M.R.]

- (2) If one or more keys is lost or stolen, the organization must have the entire lockset replaced by a licensed distributor or the licensed manufacturer of the paper pull-tab dispensing device.
- (3) A duplicate key to any exterior door or interior compartment must not be made.
- (4) Keys to the cash compartment may not be assigned to the lessor or lessor's employees unless the paper pull-tab dispensing device has a separate locked cash box within the cash compartment, and the lessor or lessor's employees needs the key to remove and secure the cash box at the close of business for the day. The lessor or lessor's employees must record the currency meter readings in the access log whenever they open the cash compartment to remove the cash box. An organization may not assign the keys to the cash box to a lessor or lessor's employees.
- J. If there is a catastrophic failure of a paper pull-tab dispensing device, the organization must notify the board and receive its approval before clearing, erasing, or replacing the access and accounting indicators.
- K. An organization employee opening the cash compartment must remove all the cash and record the currency meter readings in the access log.

7861.0280

25.1

25.2

25.3

25.4

25.5

25.6

25.7

25.8

25.9

25.10

25.11

25.12

25.13

25.14

25.15

25.16

25.17

25.18

25.19

25.20

25.21

25.22

25.23

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	A D 41010TD
00/09/14	KEVISUK	JOK/JK	AR4181ST

26.1	L. Only licensed manufacturers, distributors, or authorized organization
26.2	employees may perform service or maintenance on paper pull-tab dispensing devices.
26.3	An organization must not modify the assembly or operational functions of a pull-tab
26.4	dispensing device or any of its components.
26.5	Subp. 8. Commingled deals in a paper pull-tab dispensing device. The following
26.6	items apply to commingled deals of paper pull-tabs.
26.7	A. An organization may commingle two or more single deals of paper pull-tabs
26.8	in a paper pull-tab dispensing device if:
26.9	(1) the deals are identical in the type of game, ticket, color, form number,
26.10	and quantity of paper pull-tabs per deal;
26.11	[For text of subitems (2) and (3), see M.R.]
26.12	[For text of item B, see M.R.]
26.13	C. The board may prohibit an organization from commingling deals of paper
26.14	pull-tabs if it determines that the organization cannot account for the amount of actual
26.15	cash profit from each commingled deal of paper pull-tabs.
26.16	Subp. 9. Standards for point of sale systems for paper pull-tab games. If an
26.17	organization uses a point of sale system in the conduct of paper pull-tabs, the point of
26.18	sale system must:
26.19	A. be protected by a surge protector and an uninterruptible power supply so that
26.20	all existing data is preserved if electrical power to the point of sale system is interrupted;
26.21	B. have at least one keyed lock with a multiple function position capable of
26.22	restricting access to accounting and auditing functions;
26.23	C. have an operating switch or lock that will allow the point of sale system to
26.24	operate only when a unique identification code has been entered;

7861.0280 26

27.1	[For text of items D to F, see M.R.]
27.2	G. be capable of recording the following information for each sale of a paper
27.3	pull-tab:
27.4	(1) date of the sale;
27.5	(2) operator's unique identification code;
27.6	(3) serial number of the game from which the paper pull-tab is purchased;
27.7	(4) quantity of paper pull-tabs purchased; and
27.8	(5) ticket price;
27.9	H. be capable of recording the following information for each redeemed
27.10	winning paper pull-tab:
27.11	(1) date of the prize payout;
27.12	(2) operator's unique identification code;
27.13	(3) serial number of the winning paper pull-tab; and
27.14	(4) amount of the prize payout;
27.15	I. be capable of recording and maintaining the information required for each
27.16	game of paper pull-tabs in play, and be capable of producing a printout for any or all of the
27.17	games in play at any time; and
27.18	J. be capable of printing out the final game record and deleting the game from
27.19	its transaction records after a paper pull-tab game is closed.
27.20	Subp. 10. Use of point of sale system; monthly audit and reconciliation report
27.21	for paper pull-tabs. If an organization uses a point of sale system in the conduct of paper
27.22	pull-tabs, the organization must:
27.23	A. use the point of sale system exclusively for the conduct of lawful gambling;

28.1	B. be able to identify, by transaction, each employee or volunteer who uses a
28.2	point of sale system to sell and redeem paper pull-tabs;
28.3	C. have sole responsibility for all keys used to operate the point of sale system;
28.4	D. enter the following information into the point of sale system before placing
28.5	a paper pull-tab deal into play:
28.6	(1) the game's serial number; and
28.7	(2) the ticket price, which must be identical to the ticket price on the flare;
28.8	E. ensure that the gambling employee or volunteer:
28.9	(1) uses the point of sale system key that corresponds to the game from
28.10	which the player is purchasing the paper pull-tab;
28.11	(2) enters the number of paper pull-tabs purchased; and
28.12	(3) enters the dollar value of the currency given by the player;
28.13	F. ensure that when redeeming a winning paper pull-tab the gambling employee
28.14	or volunteer:
28.15	(1) uses the point of sale system key that corresponds to the game from
28.16	which the winning paper pull-tab is being redeemed; and
28.17	(2) enters the prize payout amount;
28.18	G. record as a paper pull-tab sale and as a redeemed paper pull-tab a transaction
28.19	in which a player chooses to receive a paper pull-tab instead of a cash prize payout;
28.20	H. count cash at the end of each work period and record it in a format prescribed
28.21	by the board. If the cash amount does not reconcile to the point of sale system totals for
28.22	each game in play, the organization must prepare a point of sale system discrepancy report

7861.0280 28

in a format prescribed by the board; and

28.22

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

	·
29.1	I. on the last day of the month, perform an audit of all paper pull-tab games in
29.2	play and reconcile the results to the cash register bank on a form prescribed by the board.
29.3	[For text of subitem (1), see M.R.]
29.4	(2) The reconciliation of the cash bank must include:
29.5	(a) total amount of cash in the point of sale system less the starting
29.6	cash bank amount, if any;
29.7	(b) amount of cash long or short, if any; and
29.8	(c) the adjustments made, if any, to balance the amount of cash in the
29.9	register to the total net receipts for the games in play.
29.10	The board may prohibit an organization from using a point of sale system for paper
29.11	pull-tabs if it determines that the organization cannot account for the amount of the actual
29.12	gross receipts from sales, the actual value of prizes awarded, and cash short or cash long
29.13	from each deal of paper pull-tabs.
29.14	Subp. 11. Paper pull-tab records and reports.
29.15	A. An organization must keep all records, reports, and prize receipts relating to
29.16	a paper pull-tab game for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the game
29.17	was removed from play.
29.18	B. An organization must complete records, reports, and prize receipts for paper
29.19	pull-tab games in ink.
29.20	C. With the exception of completed prize receipt forms and unsold and winning
29.21	tickets and stubs, an organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports
29.22	in an electronic format.
29.23	D. The organization must make records and reports available in paper format
29.24	to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or their

7861.0280 29

agents upon request.

	TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL THE TOTAL TO
30.1	E. While a paper pull-tab deal is in play, an organization must keep all records,
30.2	reports, and prize receipts for the deal at the permitted premises.
30.3	F. For each deal of paper pull-tabs the organization must keep the flare, with
30.4	the bar code attached, and all redeemed and unsold pull-tabs separated by game serial
30.5	number. Commingled deals of paper pull-tabs that were commingled while in play must
30.6	be separated by game serial number after being removed from play. The organization mus
30.7	not open any unsold or defective paper pull-tabs.
30.8	G. For each deal of paper pull-tabs removed from play during that month, an
30.9	organization must complete a monthly report in a format prescribed by the commissioner
30.10	of revenue, as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 297E.06.
30.11	H. When using point of sale systems for paper pull-tab games, an organization
30.12	must keep all cash count, discrepancy, and reconciliation reports, along with all other
30.13	records for the game.
30.14	I. When using a paper pull-tab dispensing device, an organization must keep
30.15	all access logs along with all other records for each paper pull-tab game dispensed from
30.16	the device.
30.17	J. When separate cash drawers are used for each deal of paper pull-tabs in play,
30.18	the organization must record the following information for each paper pull-tab deal on a
30.19	form or in a format prescribed by the board:
30.20	(1) the daily beginning and ending cash drawer balance;
30.21	(2) the initials of all pull-tab sellers on each date;
30.22	(3) any additions to or reductions in the starting cash bank;

(5) the signature of the person putting the game in play and removing the game from play;

the date put in play and date closed;

7861.0280 30

(4)

30.23

30.24

31.1	(6) the total cash on hand at closing of game;
31.2	(7) the amount of bank deposit;
31.3	(8) the dated signature of person preparing and making deposit;
31.4	(9) the total value of prizes paid for the game;
31.5	(10) the total value of unsold tickets for the game; and
31.6	(11) the dated signature of the person who audited the game to determine
31.7	the amounts in subitems (9) and (10).
31.8	Subp. 12. Disposal of paper pull-tab games and records. The following items
31.9	apply to the disposal and destruction of paper games and records.
31.10	A. The organization must keep a played paper pull-tab game, flare, prize pool
31.11	boards that contain unopened seals, and all records for that game for 3-1/2 years following
31.12	the end of the month in which the pull-tab game was played and reported as a played
31.13	game on the tax return.
31.14	B. The organization may destroy a played paper pull-tab game and the records
31.15	for that game when the retention period in item A expires, except as required by item C.
31.16	The game must be completely destroyed using a method such as shredding or burning.
31.17	C. An organization must keep paper pull-tab games and records after
31.18	the retention period in item A expires if the organization is notified by the board,
31.19	commissioner of revenue, commissioner of public safety, or their agents that an audit,
31.20	compliance review, or investigation is being conducted.
31.21	7861.0285 ELECTRONIC PULL-TABS.

Subpart 1. Operation of electronic pull-tab games. In addition to the restrictions and

requirements in part 7861.0260, the following apply to the conduct of electronic pull-tabs.

7861.0285 31

31.22

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

A. While an electronic pull-tab game is in play, an organization's employee,
agent, or volunteer may not provide any information on the game's actual gross receipts,
prizes paid, net receipts, or value of unsold tickets to anyone other than the person or
persons with authority to remove the game from play or to complete reports required
by the Department of Revenue.

32.1

32.2

32.3

32.4

32.5

32.6

32.7

32.8

32.9

32.10

32.11

32.12

32.13

32.14

32.15

32.16

32.17

32.18

32.19

32.20

32.21

32.22

32.23

32.24

- B. Once an electronic deal of pull-tabs is made available for play, the deal may not be manually paused or taken out of play for any reason and then reinstated for play. If the deal is manually paused or taken out of play, the game must be permanently closed from play.
- C. All credits maintained on the electronic pull-tab device when removed from play may be redeemed by the player or used for play upon reactivation.
- D. When a deal of electronic pull-tabs is put into play, all of the pull-tabs must be randomly dispensed.
- E. An organization may not put into play any electronic pull-tab game that has been altered or tampered with, or operate an electronic pull-tab game in a manner that tends to deceive the public or affects the chances of winning or losing.
 - F. An organization may not commingle more than two electronic pull-tab games.
- G. A single cash bank is allowed for all electronic pull-tab deals in play for each site. Game deposits and reconciliation will be based on total daily activity from all electronic pull-tab games in play.
 - H. Each electronic pull-tab must be sold for the price on the flare. An electronic pull-tab may not be given to a player free of charge or for any other consideration.
- I. The value of winning electronic pull-tabs must be credited to the electronic device and allow for the continuation of play or redemption by the player at any time. A

06/09/14 RI	EVISOR :	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
-------------	----------	--------	-----------------

prize payout must not be made to any player for a lost or an altered electronic pull-tab device or an electronic pull-tab device that left the permitted premises where the deal is in play.

33.1

33.2

33.3

33.4

33.5

33.6

33.7

33.8

33.10

33.11

33.12

33.13

33.14

33.15

33.16

33.17

33.18

33.19

33:20

33.21

33.22

33.23

33.24

33.25

- The pull-tab seller must record all payments to the player in the point of sale system.
- K. An electronic game occasion must end any time that the sale and redemption of credits switches from a booth operation to a bar operation or from a bar operation to a booth operation.
- L. Any unclaimed credits left in the electronic pull-tab device will be retained by the organization and reported as other income. 33.9
 - M. At the end of each month, an organization must report in a format prescribed by the commissioner of revenue the value of total sales, prizes paid, and net receipts from electronic pull-tab activity during the month.
 - Subp. 2. Operation of multiple seal electronic pull-tab game. In addition to the requirements of subpart 1, when a ticket with one or more seal (bonus win) indicators is presented to a player, the player must open or uncover the seal or seals in the manner designated on the ticket to reveal the prize.
 - Subp. 3. Operation of progressive electronic pull-tab game. In addition to the requirements of subpart 1, the following items pertain to the conduct of a progressive electronic pull-tab game:
 - A. A progressive electronic pull-tab game may only be played with deals having the same form number from the same family and manufacturer.
 - B. Each deal in a progressive electronic pull-tab game must contribute the same amount towards the progressive jackpot. When the progressive jackpot reaches the jackpot amount listed on the flare, no additional contribution may be made to the progressive jackpot.

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AD 41010T
00/09/14	KE VISUK	121/11	AR4181ST

34.1	C. The player with a pull-tab ticket that allows the player to be a potential jackpot
34.2	winner must select a progressive jackpot window or windows to be opened or uncovered.
34.3	D. If there is no seal prize winner or the progressive jackpot is not won, the next
34.4	deal may be put in play or the progressive electronic pull-tab game may be closed.
34.5	E. When the progressive jackpot is won, the organization must:
34.6	(1) have the winner complete and sign a progressive electronic pull-tab
34.7	jackpot prize receipt;
34.8	(2) pay the winner by check within four business days of receipt of the
34.9	signed prize receipt. The organization may pay the winner immediately with cash if the
34.10	jackpot prize is less than \$600;
34.11	(3) furnish the winner with appropriate federal and state tax forms;
34.12	(4) collect completed federal and state tax forms from the winner; and
34.13	(5) process payment after withholding taxes.
34.14	Subp. 4. Commingled deals in an electronic pull-tab device. An organization may
34.15	commingle up to two single deals of pull-tabs in an electronic pull-tab device if:
34.16	A. the deals are identical in the type of game, ticket, price, color, form number,
34.17	prize structure, and quantity of pull-tabs per deal;
34.18	B. all tickets from both deals in play are combined and randomly distributed
34.19	when deals are commingled;
34.20	C. each deal has a separate flare displaying the serial number or all serial
34.21	numbers when deals are commingled; and
34.22	D. there is notice on each device indicating that the game is a commingled game.
M 23	Subn 5 Electronic null-tab records and reports

7861.0285 34

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
00/03/14	ICE A POCK	1017/117	VIV-10191

35.1	A. For each deal of electronic pull-tabs, the organization must keep the game
35.2	summary report identifying the serial number of the game, tickets sold, prizes redeemed,
35.3	net receipts, and dates the game was in play. The organization must keep game summary
35.4	records for 3-1/2 years following the month in which the game was removed from play.
35.5	B. For electronic pull-tabs, the organization must complete a monthly report
35.6	identifying the total sales, prizes paid, and net receipts in a format prescribed by the
35.7	commissioner of revenue, as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 297E.06.
35.8	C. The organization must keep records and reports relating to electronic pull-tab
35.9	games for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the electronic game
35.10	occasion was conducted and reported on the tax return.
35.11	D. The organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports in
35.12	an electronic format. The organization must make records and reports available in paper
35.13	format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or
35.14	their agents upon request.
35.15	Subp. 6. Disposal of electronic pull-tab games and records. An organization must
35.16	keep electronic pull-tab game records and reports after the retention period in subpart
35.17	5 expires if the organization is notified by the board, the commissioner of revenue,
35.18	the commissioner of public safety, or their agents that an audit, compliance review, or
35.19	investigation is being conducted.
35.20	7861.0290 TIPBOARDS.
35.21	[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
35.22	Subp. 4. Operation of progressive tipboard game. In addition to the requirements
35.23	of subpart 3, the following items pertain to the conduct of a progressive tipboard game.
35.24	[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]

F. When the progressive jackpot is won, the organization must:

7861.0290 35

(2) pay the winner by check within four business days of receipt of the signed prize receipt. The organization may pay the winner immediately with cash if the jackpot prize is less than \$600 and the seal prize winner is present when the winning seal is opened or uncovered;

- (3) furnish the winner with appropriate federal and state tax forms;
- (4) collect completed federal and state tax forms from the winner; and
- (5) process payment after withholding taxes.

[For text of subps 5 and 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. Tipboard records and reports.

- A. An organization must keep all records, reports, and prize receipts for a tipboard game for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the lawful gambling occasion was conducted and reported on the tax return.
- B. An organization must complete records, reports, and prize receipts for tipboard games in ink.
- C. With the exception of completed prize receipt forms and unsold and winning tickets and stubs, an organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports in an electronic format.
- D. An organization must make records and reports available in paper format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or their agents upon request.
- E. While a tipboard deal is in play, an organization must keep all records, reports, and prize receipts for the deal at the permitted premises.

7861.0290

36.1

36.2

36.3

36.4

36.5

36.6

36.7

36.8

36.9

36.10

36.11

36.12

36.13

36.14

36.15

36.16

36.17

36.18

36.19

36.20

36.21

36.22

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

37.1	F. For each tipboard game an organization must keep the flare, with bar code
37.2	attached, and all redeemed and unsold tipboard tickets separated by game serial number.
37.3	The organization must not open any unsold or defective tipboard tickets.
37.4	G. For each progressive tipboard game, an organization must record at a
37.5	minimum the following information in a format prescribed by the board:
37.6	(1) date that each deal was placed into play;
37.7	(2) deal information, including serial number, form number, and quantity
37.8	of tickets sold for that deal;
37.9	(3) amount contributed to the progressive jackpot;
37.10	(4) date the winner of the progressive jackpot was determined and notified;
37.11	and
37.12	(5) date the progressive jackpot was redeemed.
37.13	H. For each tipboard game removed from play during that month, an
37.14	organization must complete a monthly report in a format prescribed by the commissioner
37.15	of revenue, as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 297E.06.
37.16	[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]
37.17	7861.0300 PADDLEWHEELS.
37.18	Subpart 1. Restrictions. In addition to the restrictions and requirements in part
37.19	7861.0260, the following apply to the conduct of paddlewheels.
37.20	[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]
37.21	E. The mechanical paddlewheel must be spun by the paddlewheel operator and
37.22	make at least four complete revolutions before stopping. If four complete revolutions are
37.23	not made, the spin is not valid and the paddlewheel must be spun again. An organization

06/09/14	•	REVISOR	ISK/IK	AR4181ST

may not have multiple spins of the paddlewheel to award multiple prizes for one paddleticket card.

38.1

38.2

38.3

38.4

38.5

38.6

38.7

38.8

38.9

38.10

38.11

38.12

38.13

38.14

38.15

38.16

38.17

38.18

38.19

38.20

38.21

38.22

38.23

38.24

- F. The winning number is determined by the position of the pointer when the paddlewheel stops spinning. If the pointer stops on top of a peg, the number preceding the peg is the winning number.
 - G. Prizes may only be awarded to a holder of a winning paddleticket.
- H. An organization must not transfer paddlewheel games in play to another permitted premises.
- Subp. 2. Balancing, opening, closing, maintenance, and inspection of mechanical paddlewheels. The following requirements for the balancing, opening, closing, maintenance, and inspection of paddlewheels apply to all paddlewheel games.

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

- Subp. 2a. **Testing and maintenance of an electronic paddlewheel.** The following requirements for the testing and maintenance of an electronic paddlewheel apply to all paddlewheel games.
- A. Prior to initial operation, the organization must register the electronic paddlewheel with the board and receive board approval of the electronic paddlewheel.
- B. The organization must secure the electronic paddlewheel when not in use to prevent any tampering or unauthorized use.
- C. The organization must restrict log-in access to the operation of the electronic paddlewheel to the operator of the game, the gambling manager, and the distributor.
- D. Prior to the acceptance of any wager, the operator of the game shall run a test game to verify the electronic paddlewheel is operating according to the manufacturing standards for the device.

38

06/00/14	DEVICOD	TCYZ/XYZ	AD 410100
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

39.1	E. The organization must maintain a log-in report identifying the time and date
39.2	of each instance the electronic paddlewheel was accessed for testing purposes or for actual
39.3	play. The log-in report must include start and end times of access.
39.4	Subp. 3. Posting of information for paddlewheels without a paddlewheel table.
39.5	In addition to the information required by part 7861.0260, subpart 2, an organization
39.6	must prominently post at the point of sale:
39.7	[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
39.8	C. a clear and legible sign stating the amount of any cash prize and the fair
39.9	market value of all merchandise prizes to be awarded for each spin.
39.10	Subp. 4. Conduct of paddlewheels without a paddlewheel table. The following
39.11	items apply to the conduct of paddlewheels without a paddlewheel table.
39.12	A. The sale of paddletickets must comply with the following:
39.13	[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]
39.14	(3) The paddletickets must be sold on the permitted premises on the same
39.15	day the paddlewheel is spun.
39.16	B. The redemption of a winning paddleticket and the awarding of a prize must
39.17	comply with the following.
39.18	[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]
39.19	(4) In addition to the prize awarded to the winning number, prizes may be
39.20	awarded to the numbers immediately adjacent to the winning number on the paddlewheel.
39.21	[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]
39.22	Subp. 6. Conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table. The following items
.39.23	pertain to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table.

40.2

40.3

40,4

40.5

40.6

40.7

40.8

40.9

40.10

40.11

40.12

40.13

40.14

40.15

40.16

40.17

40.18

40.19

40.20

40.21

40.22

40.23

40.24

A. Before conducting a paddlewheel game with a paddlewheel table, the organization's gambling manager must attend a board-authorized class on the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table. Thereafter a replacement gambling manager must attend a board-authorized class on the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table within 60 days of the effective date of the new gambling manager's license. If a gambling manager fails to meet board-authorized class requirements, the organization must discontinue the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table until the replacement gambling manager has attended the board-authorized class.

[For text of items B to I, see M.R.]

- Subp. 7. Use of digital video recorder (DVR) system for paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table. The following items apply to the conduct of paddlewheels with a paddlewheel table.
- A. Within 14 calendar days of the initial operation of a paddlewheel table or within 14 calendar days of switching to a DVR system, the organization must send to the board a video recording of at least one day's activity. The board must review the video recording to verify that the organization is complying with rule requirements. If the board does not receive a video recording or if the board determines the video recording does not meet rule requirements, the organization must make corrections before resuming paddlewheel activity.
- B. An organization must use a DVR system that meets, at a minimum, the following requirements:
- (1) record at the same time the operator, paddlewheel table rail to rail, and a picture of the wheel pointer and number of the paddlewheel table;
 - (2) not have an audio recorder;

7861,0300 40

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
00/03/14	VE APON	1017/17	AIX410101

41.1	(3) record real date and time of activity in a location on the video that does
41.2	not obscure the view of the paddlewheel table or the wheel pointer;
41.3	(4) allow for immediate verification of the value of chips, placement and
41.4	payment of bets, the pointer, the winning number on the paddlewheel, and drop box slot;
41.5	(5) show the identification number of the paddlewheel table when an
41.6	organization conducts more than one paddlewheel table;
41.7	(6) record in color and be capable of variable focus;
41.8	(7) have sufficient clarity to distinguish the numbers on the table and the
41.9	denominations of chips and bills;
41.10	(8) record at a rate of at least 30 frames per second; and
41.11	(9) be programmable with a seven-day memory backup
41.12	C. When using a DVR system, the paddlewheel table and paddlewheel must be
41.13	in plain view and not be blocked.
41.14	D. Security of the DVR system must meet the following:
41.15	(1) the DVR must be in a locked cabinet;
41.16	(2) the DVR and camera must not be plugged into an outlet that can be
41.17	switched off;
41.18	(3) the DVR and camera must be plugged into a surge protector; and
41.19	(4) the DVR monitor, if any, will not be visible to the customers or operators
41.20	E. The organization must maintain the DVR equipment to ensure the quality
41.21	of the recording of activity at the paddlewheel table. The organization must close the
41.22	paddlewheel table if the DVR system is not properly operating or fails to comply with
41.23	this subpart.

7861.0300 41

06/09/14	REVISOR	ISK/IK	AR4181ST

F. Only a gambling manager or an authorized organization member or organization employee may start and stop the DVR system from the time a paddlewheel table is open for the day to the closing of the paddlewheel table or access an organization's DVR system and recordings.

42.1

42.2

42.3

42.4

42.5

42.6

42.7

42.8

42.9

42.10

42.11

42.12

42.13

42.14

42.15

42.16

42.17

42.18

42.19

42.20

42.21

42.22

42.23

42.24

42.25

A paddlewheel table operator or cashier, lessor, lessor's immediate family, and lessor's employees are specifically excluded from the activities in this item.

The system may be preprogrammed to start and stop at set times. The system must be locked and inaccessible to the paddlewheel table operator.

- G. Each week the gambling manager or an authorized organization member or organization employee, excluding the paddlewheel table operator or cashier, lessor, lessor's immediate family, or lessor's employees, must review at a minimum one day's activity per table. A log must be kept showing who conducted the review and when it was conducted.
- H. The organization must keep the recordings of each day's paddlewheel with a paddlewheel table activity in a safe and secure storage place for 90 days. The recordings may not be accessible to the paddlewheel table operator.
- I. The organization must submit the recordings to the board upon request in a format approved by the board. The recordings must be viewable frame by frame and at high speed.

[For text of subps 8 to 10, see M.R.]

Subp. 11. Paddlewheel records and reports.

- A. An organization must keep all records, reports, and prize receipts for a paddlewheel game for 3-1/2 years following the end of the month in which the lawful gambling occasion was conducted and reported on the tax return.
- B. An organization must complete records, reports, and prize receipts for paddlewheel games in ink.

7861.0300 42

43.1	C. With the exception of completed prize receipt forms and unsold tickets
43.2	and stubs, an organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports in an
43.3	electronic format. An organization must make records and reports available in paper
43.4	format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or
43.5	their agents upon request.
43.6	D. For each paddlewheel game, an organization must keep the master flare, all
43.7	redeemed and unsold paddletickets, and all paddlecard stubs.
43.8	E. When using a paddlewheel with a table, an organization must complete
43.9	forms prescribed by the board that account for cash banks, chips, receipts, operator sales,
43.10	prize receipts, and operator percent of hold. An organization must keep records to account
43.11	for the paddletickets, paddleticket cards, paddlewheel chips, gross receipts, actual net
43.12	receipts, actual cash profit, and cash long or short for each separate time period on each
43.13	day that a paddlewheel table is open for play.
43.14	F. For each separate time period that a paddlewheel table is in use, an
43.15	organization must keep a record of the following information:
43.16	(1) premises permit number;
43.17	(2) table identification when the organization uses more than one table;
43.18	(3) dates and times that the paddlewheel was open for play;
43.19	(4) starting and ending cash bank amount;
43.20	(5) starting and ending paddlewheel chip inventories by denomination
43.21	and total dollar value; and
43.22	(6) denomination and total dollar value of paddlewheel chips taken to the
43.23	table from inventory, taken from the table to inventory, and redeemed for cash.

G. The organization must deface all unsold paddleticket cards when closing a

7861.0300 43

grouping of paddleticket cards.

43.24

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

44.1	H. At the end of the month, the organization must close from play all partially
44.2	played groupings of paddleticket cards and report as unsold any unplayed paddleticket
44.3	cards.
44.4	I. For each sealed grouping of 100 or fewer sequentially numbered paddleticket
44.5	cards from which paddletickets were sold that month and closed from play, an organization
44.6	must complete a monthly report in a format prescribed by the commissioner of revenue, as
44.7	required by Minnesota Statutes, section 297E.06.
44.8	[For text of subp 12, see M.R.]
44.9	7861.0310 RAFFLES.
44.10	[For text of subps 1 to 7, see M.R.]
44.11	Subp. 7a. Conducting a 50/50 raffle. An organization may conduct a raffle in which
44.12	the prize amount is 50 percent or any other percentage of the raffle's gross receipts.
44.13	A. The percentage of the gross receipts to be awarded as a prize must be clearly
44.14	printed on the raffle tickets.
44.15	B. Prior to the drawing, the gross receipts must be tallied and the prize amount
44.16	must be announced.
44.17	[For text of subps 8 to 10, see M.R.]
44.18	Subp. 11. Raffle records and reports. For each raffle conducted, an organization
44.19	must keep the following records for 3-1/2 years from the end of the month on which the
44.20	raffle was reported as played on the tax return:
44.21	[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]
44.22	H. if certificates of participation were used, records that comply with the

7861.0310 4

information required in this subpart.

0.610.014.4	DEVITOOD	TOTT ITT	
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
UU/U//IT	IXI2 V IOOK	JOINGIN	711410101

45.2

45.3

45.4

45.5

45.6

45.7

45.8

45.9

45.20

45.21

45.22

45.23

45.24

45.25

With the exception of unsold and winning raffle ticket stubs, an organization may maintain or convert and store raffle records and reports in an electronic format. An organization must make records and reports available in paper format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or their agents upon request. [For text of subp 12, see M.R.] 7861.0320 ORGANIZATION OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, REPORTS, AND RECORDS. Subpart 1. Internal accounting and administrative controls required. [For text of items A to D, see M.R.] E. If the organization does not meet the requirements in this subpart, the board 45.10 must require that the organization revise its internal accounting and administrative control 45.11 systems. Failure to respond to the board's notice that the organization must revise its 45.12 internal accounting and administrative control systems must result in the board taking 45.13 disciplinary action. 45.14 Subp. 2. Method of accounting. An organization must use the cash basis method to 45.15 report gross receipts and allowable expenses on the tax return except that the accrual basis 45.16 method must be used to report the tax required by Minnesota Statutes, section 297E.02, and 45.17 the monthly regulatory fee required by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.16, subdivision 6a. 45.18 Subp. 3. Gambling bank accounts; expenditures of gambling funds; emergency 45.19

comply with the following.

C. The organization may make expenditures from the gambling checking account by electronic transfer or by debit card. Each month, two active organization

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

expenditures. Each organization must maintain a separate gambling bank account at

banks, savings and loans institutions, or credit unions located within Minnesota and

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
00/02/11		ACIMAIX	ANTIOIOI

members must review a listing of the electronic transfers and debit card transactions for the previous month to verify that the expenditures were made with the authorization of the organization's membership. The active organization members conducting this review must sign and date the list.

46.1

46.2

46.3

46.4

46.5

46.6

46.7

46.8

46.9

46.10

46.11

46.12

46.13

46.14

46.15

46.16

46.17

46.18

46.19

46.20

46.21

46.22

46.23

46.24

- D. The organization must make all expenditures or contributions of gambling funds from the gambling checking accounts. This item does not pertain to emergency expenditures which may be made from a source other than the organization's gambling account if the organization's membership has approved the expenditure. "Emergency expenditure" means a financial obligation due and payable which, if not met, would require the organization to immediately stop gambling.
- Subp. 4. **Deposits and transfers of gambling receipts.** The following items pertain to the deposit and transfer of gambling receipts.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

- C. For deposits of gambling receipts, the organization must record on the deposit slip the date of deposit, premises permit number, and the following:
- (1) for each paper pull-tab and tipboard game, the game serial number and amount of actual cash deposited for each game;
- (2) for electronic pull-tabs and electronic linked bingo, the date and ending time of the electronic game occasion and the amount of actual cash deposited for each electronic game occasion;
- (3) for bingo occasions, the date of each occasion and amount of actual cash deposited from each occasion;
- (4) for raffles, the date of the raffle and actual amount of deposit from the sale of raffle tickets or certificates of participation; and

7861.0320 46

REVISOR

47.1	(5) for paddlewheel activity, the actual amount of cash deposited from
47.2	each day's paddlewheel activity and series number of all paddletickets sold during that
47.3	day's paddlewheel activity.
47.4	[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]
47.5	[For text of subps 5 and 6, see M.R.]
17.6	Subp. 7. Report of lawful purpose expenditures to board required. An
47.7	organization must file with the board a report of lawful purpose expenditures as required
47.8	by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.19, subdivision 3, in a format prescribed by the board
17.9	by the 20th day of the next month.
1 7.10	[For text of subps 8 to 13, see M.R.]
47.11	Subp. 14. Standards for 501(c)(3) organizations and 501(c)(4) festival
17.12	organizations.
17.13	A. To be eligible to make lawful purpose contributions to itself under Minnesota
17.14	Statutes, section 349.12, subdivision 25, paragraph (a), clause (1), a licensed 501(c)(3)
17.15	organization or 501(c)(4) festival organization must comply with the following:
17.16	(1) the organization's total general fund expenditures for fund-raising,
17.17	management, and general costs for its most recent two fiscal years must be 30 percent
17.18	or less. "Fund-raising costs" has the meaning given in part 7861.0210, subpart 24.
7.19	"Management and general costs" has the meaning given in part 7861.0210, subpart 34; and
17.20	(2) the organization must submit to the board a copy of the organization's
7.21	annual report on income and expenses that was provided to the Internal Revenue Service,
7.22	or in a format prescribed by the board, upon request.
7.23	B. If the board determines that the organization does not meet the standards
7.24	under item A, then any expenditure made by the organization under Minnesota Statutes,
7.25	section 349.12, subdivision 25, paragraph (a), clause (1), must be:

48.1	(1) related to its program services which do not include fund-raising,
48.2	management, and general costs; and
48.3	(2) paid directly from the gambling checking account.
48.4	C. Nothing in this subpart prohibits an organization from making other lawful
48.5	purpose expenditures as allowed under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12, subdivision 25.
48.6	[For text of subps 15 to 17, see M.R.]
48.7	Subp. 18. Organization records and reports.
48.8	A. An organization must maintain documentation showing that expenditures of
48.9	gambling gross profits are either an allowable expense or a lawful purpose.
48.10	B. Each organization must maintain complete, accurate, and legible records
48.11	with documentation to support all gambling transactions.
48.12	C. The organization must record all inventory records, including perpetual,
48.13	physical, site, and merchandise prize records, in a format prescribed or approved by
48.14	the board.
48.15	D. All records must show the gross receipts, prizes, net receipts, expenses, and
48.16	all other accounting transactions.
48.17	E. The organization must keep all records and reports for 3-1/2 years.
48.18	F. The organization may maintain or convert and store records and reports in
48.19	an electronic format. The organization must make records and reports available in paper
48.20	format to the board, the commissioner of revenue, the commissioner of public safety, or
48.21	their agents upon request.
48.22	7863.0210 DISTRIBUTORS; DISTRIBUTOR SALESPERSONS LICENSES.
18 23	For text of culps 1 to 1 see M.P. 1

49.1	Subp. 5. Attachments to distributor license application. The distributor must
49.2	attach a distributor personnel form to the application for persons identified in item A.
49.3	A. A distributor personnel form must be completed by each:
49.4	[For text of subitems (1) to (6), see M.R.]
49.5	(7) consultant, contract employee, or independent contractor who provides
49.6	advice or services for the sale or design of gambling equipment for sale or lease in
49.7	Minnesota, or who is involved in the installation or maintenance of an electronic game
49.8	system on behalf of a distributor; and
49.9	(8) nonsales employee.
49.10	[For text of items B and C, see M.R.]
49.11	[For text of subps 6 to 11, see M.R.]
49.12 49.13	7863.0220 DISTRIBUTOR OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, REPORTS, AND RECORDS.
49.14	Subpart 1. Purchase or lease of gambling equipment. When purchasing, leasing,
49.15	or obtaining gambling equipment, the distributor must comply with Minnesota Statutes,
49.16	sections 349.161 and 349.162.
49.17	A. A distributor may only purchase, lease, or obtain gambling equipment that has
49.18	been approved by the board and meets the requirements in parts 7864.0230 and 7864.0235.
49.19	[For text of item B, see M.R.]
49.20	Subp. 2. Sale or lease of gambling equipment. This subpart applies to the sale
49.21	or lease of gambling equipment.
49.22	[For text of items A to F, see M.R.]
49.23	G. A distributor must document the terms of a lease or sale of permanent
49.24	gambling equipment and comply with the following.

50.1	(1) A distributor must not enter into a lease agreement for permanent
50.2	gambling equipment with an organization unless the distributor owns or has a lease
50.3	agreement with a licensed manufacturer for that equipment.
50.4	[For text of subitems (2) and (3), see M.R.]
50.5	[For text of item H, see M.R.]
50.6	I. The following apply to the lease of electronic bingo devices used for
50.7	nonlinked bingo games:
50.8	[For text of subitems (1) to (5), see M.R.]
50.9	J. Electronic pull-tab system and device leases must contain:
50.10	(1) the organization's license number;
50.11	(2) the name and address of the permitted premises where the electronic
50.12	pull-tab system and devices will be used;
50.13	(3) the terms of the lease agreement;
50.14	(4) a clause prohibiting electronic pull-tab devices from being transferred
50.15	to another permitted premises unless prior written approval by the board is obtained; and
50.16	(5) a termination clause of not greater than six months.
50.17	K. The lease price of an electronic pull-tab system and devices:
50.18	(1) must be based on a predetermined lease amount; and
50.19	(2) must not be based on a percentage of gross receipts.
50.20	L. The distributor must submit a copy of the electronic pull-tab system and device
50.21	lease agreement to the board within ten days of signing or amending a lease agreement.
50.22	M. The following pertain to gambling equipment that is sold or leased on an
50.23	exclusive basis.

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

51.1	(1) Gambling equipment with a proprietary name of an organization that
51.2	owns its permitted premises may be sold or leased on an exclusive basis to that organization.
51.3	(2) Gambling equipment with a proprietary name for a leased site may not
51.4	be sold or leased on an exclusive basis to an organization.
51.5	(3) A distributor may not pay a royalty to another licensed distributor for the
51.6	design and manufacture of gambling equipment that is sold or leased on an exclusive basis.
51.7	Subp. 3. Registration of permanent gambling equipment. A distributor must
51.8	not sell, lease, transfer, furnish, or provide any permanent gambling equipment to an
51.9	organization unless the equipment has been registered in the following manner.
51.10	A. A distributor must place a state registration stamp, obtained from the board,
51.11	on permanent equipment sold or leased to an organization. The distributor must place
51.12	the stamp on the front of each paddlewheel, paddlewheel table, and pull-tab dispensing
51.13	device, and on each bingo number selection device. This item does not pertain to a
51.14	programmable electronic device as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12,
51.15	subdivision 18, paragraph (b), clauses (2), (3), and (5).
51.16	B. The distributor must keep a record of permanent gambling equipment leased
51.17	to a licensed organization. The record must include the organization's name, address, and
51.18	license number, and the date the equipment was leased to the organization, and if returned,
51.19	the date the equipment was returned by the organization to the distributor.
51.20	[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]
51.21	Subp. 4. Return of defective paper pull-tab and tipboard game; issuing credit
51.22	invoices. This subpart pertains to the return of a paper pull-tab or tipboard game that was
51.23	not manufactured in compliance with the standards in part 7864.0230 and was returned to
51.24	the distributor according to this subpart and part 7861.0260, subpart 7.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

	Subp. 4	4a. Defective	electronic	pull-tab	game.
--	---------	---------------	------------	----------	-------

52.1

52.2

52.3

52.4

52.5

52.6

52.7

52.8

52.9

52.10

52.11

52.12

52.13

52.14

52.15

52.16

52.17

52.18

52.19

52.20

52.21

52.22

52.23

A. If an electronic pull-tab game is found to be defective, the distributor must immediately:

- (1) suspend the defective game and remove it from play if active;
- (2) notify the Gambling Control Board; and
- (3) file with the board a report of games pulled from play.
- B. For an electronic pull-tab game that is returned from an organization before being put into play, the following apply:
- (1) Within five business days of returning a game, the distributor must return the game to the manufacturer with documentation that the game does not meet the standards in part 7864.0235.
- (2) Within five business days of receiving credit, if applicable, from the manufacturer, the distributor must issue a credit to the organization unless the distributor notifies the commissioner of revenue in writing that there is a business dispute regarding the returned game. A copy of the credit must be filed electronically, as required by the commissioner of revenue.
- (3) If the distributor provides a replacement game to the organization, the distributor must prepare a sales invoice as required in subpart 6.
- C. For an electronic pull-tab game found to be defective during play or after being removed from play, the following apply:
- (1) If a determination is made that the game was not manufactured in compliance with the standards in part 7864.0235, the distributor must notify the organization to close the game and to retain it as a played game in the organization's records.

7863.0220 52

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

(2) Within five business days of receiving a credit and written determination from the manufacturer, the distributor must issue a credit to the organization for the cost of the game, if applicable, and any valid and documented losses incurred over which the organization had no control or ability to prevent. A copy of the credit must be filed electronically, as required by the commissioner of revenue.

Subp. 4b. Defective, altered, lost, or stolen electronic pull-tab device.

53.1

53.2

53.3

53.4

53.5

53.6

53.7

53.8

53.9

53.10

53.11

53.12

53.13

53.14

53.15

53.16

53.17

53.18

53.19

53.20

53.21

53.22

53.23

53.24

- A. If an organization notifies a distributor of a defective or an altered electronic pull-tab device, the distributor must immediately notify the manufacturer, or the linked bingo game provider, if applicable, and the board. If the organization has not removed the device from play, the distributor or the linked bingo game provider must immediately ensure the device is removed from play.
- B. If an organization notifies a distributor of a lost or stolen electronic pull-tab device, the distributor must immediately notify the manufacturer, or the linked bingo game provider if applicable, and the board.
- C. The distributor or linked bingo game provider must report to the board any removal of a defective or an altered electronic pull-tab device at a site, or any lost or stolen device, within one business day.

[For text of subp 5, see M.R.]

- Subp. 6. **Sales invoices.** A distributor who sells, leases, or provides gambling equipment must record the transaction on a sales invoice which must contain the following information:
 - A. distributor's name, address, telephone number, and license number;
- B. organization's name, address, license number or excluded or exempt authorization, and premises permit number of the site where the gambling equipment was

7863.0220 53

	06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST
54.1	delivered, and for a licensed organization the name and address of an entity as allowed
54.2	under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.166, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);
54.3	[For text of items C to H, see M.R.]
54.4	[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]
54.5	Subp. 7a. Sales invoice for promotional pull-tab and tipboard tickets. A
54.6	distributor who sells promotional pull-tab and tipboard tickets, as defined in part 7861.0210,
54.7	subpart 43, and Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12, subdivisions 18 and 31, must record
54.8	the transaction on a sales invoice which must contain the following information:
54.9	A. distributor's name, address, telephone number, and license number;
54.10	B. name of the business entity to whom the tickets are sold and the address
54.11	of the site where the tickets were delivered. If the tickets are sold to an individual, the
54.12	sales invoice must contain the individual's name and address and the address of the site
54.13	where the tickets were delivered;
54.14	[For text of items C to H, see M.R.]
54.15	[For text of subps 8 to 14, see M.R.]
54.16	Subp. 15. Pricing report to director required. A distributor must submit a pricing
54.17	report to the director on an annual basis in a format approved by the director and must
54.18	include:
54.19	[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
54.20	D. prices at which all gambling equipment currently offered by the distributor
54.21	will be sold or leased.
54.22	Adjustments for transportation, discounts, and rebates must be reported separately on
54.23	the annual pricing report, and are subject to review and approval by the director.

Changes or additions to the previously filed reports must be reported ten days before

7863.0220 54

the change or addition.

54.24

55.1 [For text of subps 16 and 17, see M.R.] 7863.0250 LINKED BINGO GAME PROVIDER LICENSES. 55.2 55.3 [For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.] 55.4 Subp. 4. Contents of linked bingo game provider license application. The linked bingo game provider license application must contain the following: 55.5 [For text of items A to E, see M.R.] 55.6 F. identification of any person who or entity that develops or provides 55.7 55.8 application software to the manufacturer; G. copies of licensing agreements with other entities for all software, except 55.9 for operating system software, and hardware developed specifically for the purpose of 55.10 55.11 conducting gambling on an electronic device. Operating system software agreements must be maintained by the linked bingo game provider, be current, and be available to 55.12 the board upon request; 55.13 H. acknowledgment regarding the licensing qualifications in subpart 2 and 55.14 restrictions in subpart 3; 55.15 55.16 I. acknowledgment that any linked bingo game agreement will identify any goods or services, including all costs, that the organization is required to buy or lease; 55.17 J. acknowledgment that the linked bingo game provider will provide all 55.18 necessary game monitoring equipment and monitoring systems to the board at no cost; 55.19 K. date and signature, in ink, of the chief executive officer; and 55.20

L. additional information that may be required by the board to properly identify

the linked bingo game provider and ensure compliance with Minnesota Statutes, sections

55

7863.0250

349.11 to 349.23.

55.21

55.22

0.640.044.4		Y CI TT / TTY	
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
JU/U2/14	NE VISOR	JOIZITZ	4010101

56.1	Subp. 5. Attachments to linked bingo game provider license application. The
56.2	linked bingo game provider must attach the following items to the application.
56.3	[For text of item A, see M.R.]
56.4	B. The linked bingo game provider personnel form must include:
56.5	[For text of subitems (1) to (6), see M.R.]
56.6	(7) the Minnesota tax identification number of businesses that the person
56.7	has held ownership interest in during the past ten years;
56.8	[For text of subitems (8) to (10), see M.R.]
56.9	[For text of item C, see M.R.]
56.10	D. A detailed description of the management plan for operation of the linked
56.11	bingo game system and linked bingo game, including:
56.12	(1) the technology to be used, method of selecting and transmitting selected
56.13	bingo numbers, security of the transmission, and plans for continuation of the game in the
56.14	event of an interruption in communications;
56.15	(2) inventory control, inventory forms, sale and distribution of linked bingo
56.16	paper, distribution of electronic bingo devices, and process for transferring gambling
56.17	funds from licensed organizations;
56.18	(3) the linked bingo game to be conducted, rules of play, prize levels, and
56.19	procedure to verify winning bingos and to pay winners;
56.20	[For text of subitems (4) and (5), see M.R.]
56.21	(6) a statement describing the linked bingo game provider's financial
56.22	capability to provide the equipment and infrastructure necessary to operate the linked
56.23	bingo game and manage the game's prize pool including the allocation of interest earnings
56.24	from funds held in trust for progressive jackpots; and

7863.0250 56

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
UU/UZ/14	KE VISOK	1017/17	W(+10191

57.1	(7) a proposed fee schedule for the cost of providing services and
57.2	equipment to licensed organizations.
57.3	E. Evidence of the bond required by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.1635,
57.4	subdivision 3.
57.5	F. A certificate from a board-approved independent testing laboratory certifying
57.6	that the linked bingo game system meets the requirements contained in parts 7863.0260,
57.7	subparts 1 and 1a, and 7863.0270.
57.8	G. Additional information that may be required by the board to ensure
57.9	compliance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 349.11 to 349.23.
57.10	[For text of subp 6, see M.R.]
57.11	Subp. 7. Issuing or denying a new or renewal linked bingo game provider
57.12	license. This subpart applies to a new or renewal linked bingo game provider license
57.13	issued or denied by the board.
57.14	A. Before issuing a new or renewal linked bingo game provider license, the
57.15	board must conduct or request the director of alcohol and gambling enforcement to conduct
57.16	a background investigation which may include a review of the linked bingo game provider's
57.17	sources of financing, ownership, and organizational structure. Actual costs in addition to
57.18	the new or renewal application fee must be paid by the linked bingo game provider.
57.19	B. All employees, contract employees, and independent contractors working
57.20	on behalf of the linked bingo game provider are subject to a background investigation as

- C. Any entity providing application software not developed internally by the licensee is subject to a background investigation as determined by the board.
- D. Any independent contractor providing application software is subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 349.1635; and 349.155, subdivisions 3 and 4.

7863.0250 57

determined by the board.

57.21

57.22

57.23

57.24

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

58.1	E. The board must issue a new or renewal license to a linked bingo game
58.2	provider who:
58.3	(1) submits the information required in the application and attachments;
58.4	(2) pays the fee required by Minnesota Statutes, section 349.1635,
58.5	subdivision 2; and
58.6	(3) is eligible to receive a license under item A and subparts 2 and 3.
58.7	F. The board must deny the application if a linked bingo game provider:
58.8	(1) is ineligible under subparts 2 and 3; and
58.9	(2) has failed to submit all information required by subparts 4 and 5.
58.10	When the board determines that an application must be denied, the board must
58.11	promptly give a written notice to the linked bingo game provider. The notice must contain
58.12	the grounds for the action and reasonable notice of the rights of the linked bingo game
58.13	provider to request an appeal under part 7865.0260, subpart 2 or 4, whichever is applicable.
58.14	G. Fees submitted with a new or renewal license application are considered
58.15	earned and are not refundable.
58.16	[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]
58.17 58.18	7863.0260 LINKED BINGO GAME PROVIDER OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, REPORTS, AND RECORDS.
58.19	Subpart 1. Board approval; purchase or lease of gambling equipment and linked
58.20	bingo services.
58.21	A. To obtain board approval for linked bingo games, a linked bingo game
58.22	provider must provide the linked bingo game on its system to the director, at no charge, to
58.23	be used to determine compliance with subparts 1 and 1a and part 7863.0270.

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

59.1	B. Electronic linked bingo games and systems approved prior to the effective date
59.2	of this subpart must become compliant within 180 days of the effective date of this subpart.
59.3	C. A linked bingo game provider may not purchase or obtain gambling
59.4	equipment or linked bingo services from any other linked bingo game provider.
59.5	D. Electronic linked bingo system and device leases must contain:
59.6	(1) the organization's license number;
59.7	(2) the name and address of the permitted premises where the electronic
59.8	linked bingo system and devices will be used;
59.9	(3) the terms of the lease agreement;
59.10	(4) a clause prohibiting the electronic linked bingo devices from being
59.11	transferred to another permitted premises unless prior written approval by the board is
59.12	obtained; and
59.13	(5) a termination clause of not greater than six months.
59.14	E. The lease price of an electronic linked bingo system and devices:
59.15	(1) must be based on a predetermined lease amount; and
59.16	(2) must not be based on a percentage of gross receipts.
59.17	F. The linked bingo game provider must submit a copy of the lease agreement
59.18	to the board within ten days of signing or amending a lease agreement.
59.19	G. Within ten days of being notified by the board that a manufacturer has
59.20	terminated its license, the license has expired, or the license was revoked by the board,
59.21	a licensed linked bingo game provider must submit to the board a certified physical
59.22	inventory. The certified inventory must include the name, form number, and quantity of
59.23	all gambling equipment currently in inventory or owned or leased by the linked bingo
59.24	game provider that was manufactured by the manufacturer.

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181S7

60.1	[For text of subp 1a, see M.R.]	

60.3

60.4

60.5

60.6

60.7

60.8

60.9

60.10

60.11

60.12

60.13

60.14

60.15

60.16

60.17

60.18

60.19

60.20

60.21

60.22

60.23

60.24

Subp. 2. Sales of linked bingo paper; sale and lease of linked bingo game system equipment and services. This subpart applies to the sale of linked bingo paper and the sale or lease of linked bingo game system equipment and services.

A. A linked bingo game provider may not provide any linked bingo paper or linked bingo game system equipment or services to a licensed distributor or a licensed organization before the effective date of the linked bingo game provider's license.

[For text of items B and C, see M.R.]

- D. Linked bingo paper sold for use in Minnesota must be delivered only to the licensed distributor that ordered the linked bingo paper.
- E. A linked bingo game provider may not provide a merchandise prize to a licensed organization conducting linked bingo.
- F. The following apply to the lease of electronic bingo devices used for linked bingo games:

[For text of subitems (1) to (5), see M.R.]

Subp. 2a. **Conduct of linked bingo game.** When conducting a linked bingo game in conjunction with the requirements of part 7861.0270, subpart 10, a linked bingo game provider must:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

- B. ensure that the linked bingo system operates as required by subparts 1 and 1a and part 7863.0270;
- C. establish and maintain audio, video, and secured data transmission as necessary. Before the first bingo number is selected, the linked bingo game provider must verify the link status between all participating organizations and the location where the

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

bingo numbers are being selected. Before the first bingo number is selected, the linked bingo game provider must announce or display to the players the jackpot amount;

61.1

61.2

61.3

61.4

61.5

61.6

61.7

61.8

61.9

61.10

61.11

61.12

61.13

61.14

61.15

61.16

61.17

61.18

61.19

61.20

61.21

61.22

61.23

61.24

61.25

- D. if the primary transmission of audio, video, or data fails, the linked bingo game provider must have procedures in place for game reconciliation;
- E. record and keep for a minimum of 60 days all activity related to the transmission of a linked bingo game;
- F. award linked bingo prizes of \$600 or more within three business days of verification of the winning bingo. Linked bingo prizes of less than \$600 may be awarded as determined by the linked bingo game provider and approved by the board. Linked bingo prizes are considered awarded when mailed payment is postmarked. If payment is transmitted in any other manner, linked bingo prizes are considered awarded upon receipt by the player. If there are multiple winners, the jackpot amount must be equally divided and awarded for each verified winning bingo face. Fractional dollars may be rounded to the nearest higher dollar; and
- G. prepare and submit to the appropriate state and federal agencies all relevant tax information pertaining to winners of linked bingo game jackpots.

Subp. 2b. Seeding of progressive prize jackpots.

- A. All prize money from a progressive series of games must be awarded to players once the jackpot prize is won.
- (1) No portion of a player's wager may be used for supplementing the prizes offered for future progressive games.
- (2) The prize amount may not be reduced for the purpose of supplementing the prizes offered for future progressive games.
- B. If a progressive jackpot prize amount to be awarded exceeds the amount players have contributed toward that jackpot prize, the linked bingo game provider must

06/00/14	DEMICOD	TOTZ /TYZ	A TO 41 01 07F
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

fund the difference between the amount contributed by players and the amount awarded. Amounts paid by the linked bingo game provider for this purpose may not be recovered 62.2

from proceeds of another current or subsequent series of progressive games.

[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 3a. Defective electronic linked bingo game.

62.1

62.3

62.4

62.5

62.6

62.7

62.8

62.9

62.10

62.11

62.12

62.13

62.14

62.15

62.16

62.17

62.18

62.19

62.20

62.21

62.22

62.23

- A. If an electronic linked bingo game is found to be defective, the linked bingo game provider must immediately:
 - (1) remove the game from play;
 - notify the Gambling Control Board; and
- file with the board a report of games pulled from play and removed from inventory.
 - The linked bingo game provider may resolve the defect and, if determined by the board to be a change affecting the outcome of an electronic linked bingo game, must assign the game a new form number and resubmit the game for recertification by an independent testing laboratory and board approval.
 - C. If the defect does not have an effect on the outcome of an electronic linked bingo game, the director must first approve the resolution of the defect.
- D. If the resolution of the defect does not have an effect on the outcome of an electronic linked bingo game, the director may approve the amended game as defined in parts 7863.0260, subpart 1a, and 7863.0270, subpart 36.

Subp. 3b. Defective, altered, lost, or stolen electronic linked bingo device.

A. If an organization notifies an electronic bingo game provider of a defective or an altered electronic linked bingo device, the linked bingo game provider must

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
()()/()7/(4	IN INVICATION	1,318/118	40410131

immediately notify the board. If the organization has not removed the device from play, the linked bingo game provider must immediately ensure the device is removed from play.

63.1

63.2

63.3

63.4

63.5

63.6

63.7

63.8

63.9

63.10

63.11

63.12

63.13

63.14

63.15

63.16

63.17

63.18

63.19

63.20

63.21

63.22

63.23

63.24

- B. If an organization notifies a linked bingo game provider of a lost or stolen electronic linked bingo device, the linked bingo game provider must immediately disable the device and notify the board.
- C. The linked bingo game provider must report to the board any removal of a defective or an altered electronic linked bingo device at a site, or any lost or stolen device, within one business day.

[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]

- Subp. 5. Sales invoice; linked bingo game provider of other than electronic linked bingo equipment. A linked bingo game provider who sells, leases, or provides linked bingo equipment must record the transaction on a sales invoice that contains the following:
- A. linked bingo game provider's name, address, telephone number, and license number;
- B. name, address, and license number of the organization or distributor to whom the sale was made, and premises permit number of the site;

[For text of items C to J, see M.R.]

- Subp. 5a. Sales invoice; linked bingo game provider of electronic linked bingo equipment. A linked bingo game provider who sells, leases, or provides electronic linked bingo equipment must record the transaction on a sales invoice that contains the following:
- A. the linked bingo game provider's name, address, telephone number, and license number;
- B. the name, address, and license number of the organization or distributor to whom the sale was made, and premises permit number of the site;

64.1	C. an invoice number;
64.2	D. the date of shipment and shipping charges, if any;
64.3	E. any applicable sales tax;
64.4	F. the serial number, unit price, and total amount being invoiced;
64.5	G. the unit price or lease cost of each item and total amount being invoiced; and
64.6	H. any value for discount, rebate, or other incentive affecting the unit price
64.7	which must be separately stated.
64.8	[For text of subp 6, see M.R.]
64.9	Subp. 7. Delinquent organization notice to board required. This subpart pertains
64.10	to the notice to the board that an organization is delinquent in payment of an invoice.
64.11	[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
64.12	D. Upon receipt of the initial notice under item A, the board must:
64.13	(1) notify and direct the organization to eliminate the delinquency; and
64.14	(2) notify all linked bingo game providers and distributors that until further
64.15	notice they may sell or lease gambling equipment to the delinquent organization on a cash
64.16	basis only. "Cash" means a debit card payment, electronic transaction, or check drawn
64.17	on the organization's gambling account.
64.18	[For text of items E to G, see M.R.]
64.19	Subp. 8. Game records required for linked bingo conducted with linked bingo
64.20	paper sheets. The linked bingo game provider must keep a record of each linked bingo
64.21	game conducted with linked bingo paper sheets. The record must include, at a minimum,
64.22	the following information for each linked bingo game:
64.23	[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

65.1	D. jackpot amount and any progressive jackpot prize winnings;
65.2	[For text of items E to H, see M.R.]
65.3	[For text of subp 9, see M.R.]
65.4 65.5	7863.0270 ELECTRONIC LINKED BINGO GAME SYSTEM STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS.
65.6	Subpart 1. Scope. In addition to the provisions of parts 7861.0270 and 7863.0260,
65.7	subparts 1 and 1a, and Minnesota Statutes, sections 349.12, subdivisions 12a, 25a, and
65.8	25c; 349.17, subdivisions 6, 8, and 9; and 349.211, subdivision 1a, an electronic linked
65.9	bingo game system must meet the requirements contained in this part.
65.10	Subp. 2. Activating play. Coded entry to activate play may include manual entry or
65.11	the use of a magnetic strip card or bar-coded receipt provided at the point of sale.
65.12	Subp. 3. Initial screen. An initial screen must appear displaying a main menu
65.13	containing:
65.14	A. the linked bingo game provider's logo;
65.15	B. the compulsive gambling hotline telephone number; and
65.16	C. electronic linked bingo games available for play.
65.17	Subp. 4. Electronic monitoring by board. Electronic monitoring of the operation
65.18	of the electronic linked bingo device by the board will be limited to read-only access
65.19	of transaction logs and status of devices. The board is not allowed to alter any data or
65.20	game play.
65.21	Subp. 5. Secured data transmission. An electronic linked bingo game system mus
65.22	provide secured data transmission to all participating locations.
65.23	Subp. 6. Changes in software or hardware. If there is any change in software or
65.24	hardware by a linked bingo game provider, the linked bingo game provider must assign

7863.0270 65

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

a new version or code build number and must submit the new software version or code build number to the board for approval. The new version or code build number must be approved by a certified independent testing laboratory.

Subp. 7. Changes in version of system or game.

66.1

66.2

66.3

66.4

66.5

66.6

66.7

66.8

66.9

66.10

66.11

66.12

66.13

66.14

66.15

66.16

66.17

66.18

66.19

66.20

66.21

66.22

66.23

66.24

- A. If there is a change in the version or code build number of a system or game, the linked bingo game provider must assign a new version or code build number for any changes or upgrades to the electronic linked bingo system or game to indicate a change of the version or code build number of the system or game.
- B. Any changes to the electronic linked bingo game or system must be approved by the director before the game or system is placed into operation.
- C. Any changes in a version or code build number that have an effect on the outcome of a previously approved game must be retested by a certified independent testing laboratory.
- Subp. 8. **Application software.** All application software must be owned by the linked bingo game provider. Software developed by the linked bingo game provider must also meet the requirements of this subpart.
- A. For purposes of this subpart, application software is developed by the linked bingo game provider if the linked bingo game provider designs the central system, database, user interface, the program architecture, and programs the source code.
- B. A licensed linked bingo game provider may jointly develop application software for an electronic linked bingo system and an electronic pull-tab system with a licensed electronic pull-tab manufacturer if the jointly developed application software permits the operation of electronic linked bingo games and electronic pull-tab games on the same electronic linked bingo device or electronic pull-tab device.

7863.0270 66

C. Any application software to be used by the linked bingo game provider must be wholly owned free and clear and without any obligation or condition by any entity other than the licensed linked bingo game provider.

- D. The linked bingo game provider must provide the board with documentation establishing ownership of the intellectual property rights to the entire game application software and system.
- Subp. 9. **Secure communication.** Connections between all components of the electronic linked bingo game system must only be through the use of secure communication protocols which are designed to prevent unauthorized access or tampering, employing Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
- Subp. 10. **Independent verification check.** The electronic linked bingo game system and all devices that communicate with the electronic linked bingo game system must have the ability to allow for an independent verification check of the system's software from an authorized source approved by the board. The independent verification check ability is required for all application software that the board determines may affect the integrity of the game. The verification check must provide a means for on-site and off-site field verification of the software and applicable devices to identify and validate the program. All Minnesota board-approved games must be identical to the games presented to a certified independent testing laboratory.
- Subp. 11. Electronic accounting data. Electronic accounting data must be at least ten digits in length and must be maintained in dollars and cents.
- Subp. 12. **Cash and inventory verification.** The system must record the value of bingo faces purchased and played, and prizes won.
- 67.25 Subp. 13. Restricted use.

7863.0270

67.1

67.2

67.3

67.4

67.5

67.6

67.7

67.8

67.9

67.10

67.11

67.12

67.13

67.14

67.15

67.16

67.17

67.18

67.19

0.610.014.4		TOTAL CARA	
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

68.1	A. Local and central servers and electronic linked bingo devices must not be		
68.2	capable of being used as stand-alone units for the purposes of engaging in any function or		
68.3	use not permitted by these standards at any time.		
68.4 68.5	B. External ports on the device, if any, must be secured or disabled from unauthorized use.		
60.6	Cycles 14 Moreover books of the land control convene moved boys a conveletible by land		
68.6	Subp. 14. Memory backup. Local and central servers must have nonvolatile backup		
68.7	memory or its equivalent, which must be maintained in a secure compartment on each		
68.8	local and central server for the purpose of storing and preserving a redundant set of critical		
68.9	data which include:		
68.10	A. error corrections that may have occurred on electronic linked bingo devices		
68.11	or local and central servers, such as an invalid PIN or a game interrupt;		
68.12	B. program error check and verification and authentication of any mismatch;		
68.13	C. recall of all wagers and other play information, such as electronic linked		
68.14	bingo face number, serial number, and permutation number of game, associated with all		
68.15	games in play and prior to closeout of daily activity;		
68.16	D. electronic accounting data capturing the record of transactions for electronic		
68.17	linked bingo devices in use for each local and central server including:		
68.18	(1) bingo faces purchased and prizes won;		
68.19	(2) electronic devices in play for each site;		
68.20	(3) software state (the last normal state or last status before interruption); and		
68.21	(4) a log of all current-day transactions prior to interruption;		
68.22	E. comprehensive checks of critical memory for each device in operation		
68.23	following game initiation including each specific bingo face in play, bingo numbers		
68.24	selected, and winner verification. An unrecoverable corruption of critical memory must		

7863.0270 68

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

result in an error notification and cause all electronic linked bingo devices in play to cease further function. An unrecoverable critical memory error report must be immediately generated to the board and must include the name of the authorized person who performs any recapture or memory clear of the local or central server; and

69.1

69.2

69.3

69.4

69.5

69.6

69.7

69.8

69.9

69.10

69.11

69.12

69.13

69.14

69.15

69.16

69.17

69.18

69.19

F. the ability to immediately, accurately, and securely cash out all players who have funds in the system in the event of power or communications network loss or other time of game or play interruption.

- Subp. 15. Randomization. An electronic linked bingo game system must use randomizing procedures in the creation of games for electronic linked bingo faces that have been created using a method previously approved by the board. As used in this subpart, unless the context requires a different meaning, "face position" means the first bingo face dealt, second bingo face dealt, in sequential order, and "number position" means the first number drawn in sequential order. Any random number generation, shuffling, or randomization of outcomes used in connection with an electronic linked bingo system must be by use of a random number generation application that has successfully passed standard tests for randomness and unpredictability as defined in part 7861.0210, subpart 44.
- Subp. 16. **Game information on system.** Prior to the commencement of an electronic linked bingo game, the following data must be maintained and be viewable electronically on the electronic linked bingo game system:
- A. a unique serial number identifying each game or session ID and each bingo face ID;
- B. a description of the game sufficient to categorize the game or session relative to other games or sessions;
- 69.24 C. the jackpot prize for the game or session based on the number of electronic 69.25 linked bingo faces in play for each game and the cost for each face; and

7863.0270 69

D. the purchase price per electronic linked bingo face assigned to the game
or session.
Subp. 17. Game information on device. The following data must be maintained
and be viewable electronically on the electronic linked bingo device:
A. the pattern;
B. the cost;
C. confirmation that a game is active;
D. the estimated prize amount;
E. the number on the ball selected;
F. the number of balls called; and
G. the site of the winner.
Subp. 18. Electronic linked bingo face generation. Upon purchase initiation
Subp. 18. Electronic linked bingo face generation. Upon purchase initiation request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted.
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted. Subp. 19. Game status and auditing.
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted. Subp. 19. Game status and auditing. A. Only upon the game termination shall the details of that game be revealed
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted. Subp. 19. Game status and auditing. A. Only upon the game termination shall the details of that game be revealed to the person performing the game audit or status check.
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted. Subp. 19. Game status and auditing. A. Only upon the game termination shall the details of that game be revealed to the person performing the game audit or status check. B. If an audit or other game determination is conducted while a game is in play
request from an electronic linked bingo device, the electronic linked bingo system must dispense an electronic facsimile of a bingo face. Once dispensed, such face or outcome must not be reused until the bingo permutation is exhausted. Subp. 19. Game status and auditing. A. Only upon the game termination shall the details of that game be revealed to the person performing the game audit or status check. B. If an audit or other game determination is conducted while a game is in play termination of the entire game must immediately occur. An audit or game determination

70

7863.0270

A. game ID;

B. game pattern type;

- 71.2 C. game version;
- 71.3 D. linked bingo game provider;
- 71.4 E. game name;

71.7

71.8

71.9

71.20

71.21

71.22

71.23.

71.24

- 71.5 F. purchase price per electronic linked bingo face; and
- G. prize payout for jackpot.

Subp. 21. System security and access.

- A. The electronic linked bingo game system must be located in Minnesota in a secure location with limited, authorized access.
- B. Any system elements that hold game data, other than the electronic linked bingo devices, must be in a locked area or in a locked case or compartment with access limited to designated personnel.
- 71.13 C. The linked bingo game provider must register employees having authorized system access with the board.
- D. The system must be in a secure location and provide electronic security for the games against alteration, tampering, or unauthorized access.
- E. The system must allow the board and other authorized state representatives real-time access to data and equipment, including all accounting for sales, prizes, and credits per device, per site.
 - Subp. 22. **Data alteration.** The electronic linked bingo system must not permit the alteration of any accounting or significant event log information that was communicated from the electronic linked bingo device without board-approved access controls. In the event financial data is changed, the electronic linked bingo system must be able to produce an automated audit log documenting the:

7863.0270 71

	TETION SOLUTION
72.1	A. data element altered;
72.2	B. data element value prior to alteration;
72.3	C. data element value after alteration;
72.4	D. time and date of alteration; and
72.5	E. user log-in of personnel that performed alteration.
72.6	Subp. 23. Backup and recovery.
72.7	A. An electronic linked bingo system must have a separate physical medium for
72.8	securely storing required data on the computer, which must be backed up in real time by
72.9	a backup medium.
72.10	B. All data required to be available or reported by this subpart must be retained
72.11	for a period of not less than 3-1/2 years.
72.12	C. All storage of critical data must use error checking and be stored on a
72.13	nonvolatile physical medium.
72.14	D. The database must be stored on redundant media so that no single failure of
72.15	any portion of the system would result in the loss or corruption of data.
72.16	E. In the event of a catastrophic failure when the electronic linked bingo system
72.17	cannot be restarted in any other way, it must be possible to reload the electronic linked
72.18	bingo system from the last viable backup point and fully recover the contents of that
72.19	backup, to consist of at least the following information:
72.20	(1) all date and time indicators associated with data failure and linked
72.21	bingo system reload;
72.22	(2) all accounting information;

(3) auditing information, including all open game schedules and the

7863.0270 72

summary of completed games; and

72.23

73.1	(4) employee files with access levels.
73.2	Subp. 24. System access; password requirements.
73.3	A. The linked bingo game provider must maintain password access for the linked
73.4	bingo game provider; the distributor must maintain password access for the distributor;
73.5	and the organization must maintain password access for the gambling manager and sellers
73.6	B. The linked bingo game provider, the distributor, and the organization must
73.7	register employees with authorized system access with the board.
73.8	C. The operating system software and application software must have multiple
73.9	security access levels to control and restrict different classes of access. The accounts for
73.10	the access levels must be unique when assigned to the authorized personnel and only
73.11	one user per account is allowed.
73.12	D. The operating system software and application software must provide
73.13	comprehensive password security or other secure means of ensuring data integrity and
73.14	enforcing user permission. It is required that:
73.15	(1) all programs and data files must only be accessible via the entry of
73.16	passwords that will be known only to the linked bingo game provider and the gambling
73.17	manager;
73.18	(2) the storage of passwords must be in an encrypted, nonreversible form;
73.19	(3) a program must be available that will list all registered users on the
73.20	system including their privilege level;
73.21	(4) the password must have a length of at least six alphanumeric characters
73.22	and

excess of five minutes.

73.23

73.24

(5) the system must automatically log out after a period of inactivity in

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	170 14040
06/00/1/	DEVICIO	10 12 / 112	A D / TO TO ' I'
UU)/U7/14	K D V LOUN	1010/310	AR4181ST

Subp. 25. **System log-in and log-out requirements.** System log-in and log-out requirements apply to linked bingo game providers, distributors, gambling managers, assistant gambling managers, and sellers.

74.1

74.2

74.3

74.4

74.5

74.6

74.7

74.8

74.9

74.10

74.11

74.12

74.13

74.14

74.15

74.16

74.17

74.18

74.19

74.20

74.21

74.22

74.23

74.24

A. The operating system and any local and central servers must have a password log-in with two level codes comprised of a personal identification code and a personal password.

B. The system must include log-in and log-out procedures for system and point-of-sale devices.

Subp. 26. Electronic accounting and reporting; record of daily system transactions.

- A. One or more electronic accounting systems must perform reporting and other functions in support of the electronic linked bingo system. The electronic accounting system must not interfere with the outcome of any gaming function.
- B. A permanent record of daily transactions played on the electronic linked bingo game system must be maintained by the electronic linked bingo game system on a database other than on the local server. The database and central server must be accessible to the board at all times.
- Subp. 27. **Reporting requirements of electronic accounting system.** The electronic linked bingo game system must provide the following reports to the Gambling Control Board and the Department of Revenue.
- A. An electronic linked bingo game report must be available to the board on demand for each game currently in play and prior to winner verification. The report must contain the following information:
 - (1) a unique serial number identifying each game;

7863.0270 74

75.1	(2) a description of the game sufficient to categorize the game relative
75.2	o other games;
75.3	(3) the total number of electronic linked bingo faces in play in the game;
75.4	(4) the jackpot prize of the entire game;
75.5	(5) the purchase price per electronic linked bingo face assigned to the game
75.6	(6) the time and date that the game became available for play; and
75.7	(7) locations where the game is being played.
75.8	B. An electronic linked bingo game report must be available to the board on
75.9	lemand for each completed game. The report must contain the following information:
75.10	(1) a unique serial number identifying each game;
75.11	(2) a description of the game sufficient to categorize the game relative
75.12	o other games;
75.13	(3) the total number of electronic linked bingo faces played and sold;
75.14	(4) the time and date that the game became available for play;
75.15	(5) the time and date that the game was completed or removed from play;
75.16	(6) the ball draw;
75.17	(7) locations where the game was played;
75.18	(8) the detailed accounting for each site, including total faces played,
75.19	nd prizes awarded;
75.20	(9) the final payout percentage of the game when removed from play; and
75.21	(10) the purchase price per electronic linked bingo face assigned to the

7863.0270 75

75.22

game.

76.1	C. O	ther ele	ectronic linked bingo game reports that must be available to the
76.2	board on dema	nd are:	
76.3	(2	1) Act	ive site reports:
76.4		(a)	site name, address, and telephone number;
76.5		(b)	licensed organization name and license number;
76.6		(c)	premises permit number and number of devices at site; and
76.7		(d)	must be able to distinguish sites that are not active.
76.8	(2	2) Rev	renue reports:
76.9		(a)	daily activity by site, by organization, and for all sites;
76.10		(b)	site name and license number;
76.11		(c)	premises permit number;
76.12		(d)	number of devices in use at the site;
76.13		(e)	bingo faces sold and the gross receipts;
76.14		(f)	prizes awarded;
76.15		(g)	net receipts;
76.16		(h)	payout percentage;
76.17		(i)	actual cash sales (dollar amount);
76.18		(j)	actual cash redeemed (dollar amount); and
76.19		(k)	unredeemed cash credits.
76.20	(3	3) M or	on th-end reports for each site totaling all daily sales activity, detail of
76.21	all games close	d durin	g the month, and status of games remaining in play.
76 22	(2	1) Inve	enfory reports

AR4181ST

77.1	(a) current site inventory showing beginning of the day inventory,
77.2	additions, faces sold, and ending inventory; and
77.3	(b) month-end reports for each site showing faces received, put into
77.4	play, and removed from play.
77.5	(5) Faces purchased, sold, and maintained by distributor.
77.6	(6) Real-time site activity report with the ability to:
77.7	(a) view live activity at site;
77.8	(b) view each active device noting the device number, current credits,
77.9	and game being played; and
77.10	(c) view each transaction with date and time stamp, including seller
77.11	log-in and log-off, device load, game play, device redeemed, and any malfunction.
77.12	(7) System user list:
77.13	(a) full name of sellers, assistant gambling managers, and gambling
77.14	managers;
77.15	(b) position (seller, assistant gambling manager, gambling manager,
77.16	distributor, linked bingo game provider, or Gambling Control Board investigator);
77.17	(c) site name, organization name, or other description;
77.18	(d) seller, assistant gambling manager, gambling manager, board
77.19	investigator, and distributor user ID;
77.20	(e) access level; and
77.21	(f) contact telephone number and e-mail.
77.22	(8) A seller's system access must be limited to the following information

7863.0270

77.23

within the end of shift reports and end of day reports:

78.1	(a)	cash in
------	-----	---------

- 78.2 (b) cash out;
- 78.3 (c) unredeemed credits;
- 78.4 (d) gross receipts;
 - (e) prizes paid; and
- 78.6 (f) net receipts.

78.7

78.8

78.9

78.10

78.11

78.12

78.13

78.14

78.15

78.16

78.17

78.18

78.19

78.20

78.21

78.22

78.23

78.24

D. Other statistical and activity reports as required by the board and maintained by the linked bingo game provider must be provided in a format prescribed by the board upon request.

Subp. 28. Electronic game system.

- A. Each component of an electronic game system must function as indicated by the communication protocol implemented by the licensed linked bingo game provider of the electronic linked bingo game system.
- B. All communication between a server and the electronic linked bingo devices must use authentication and encryption protection employing Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to provide secure authentication of the device and the server, ensure the integrity of the data communicated, and for confidentiality.
- C. The communicated data must be encrypted. The certified testing laboratory must examine each submitted electronic game system to ensure that the proposed field configuration is secure. The certified testing laboratory may provide additional security recommendations to maintain the integrity of the configuration.
- D. The electronic game system must be capable of being tested by the board to verify approved product.

06/09/14	REVISOR	ISK/IK	AR4181ST
()()/()9/14	K E.V ISUK	128/18	ARAIXINI

Subp.	29.	Electronic	game	system	security.
~ 4-0 p.				D y D C CARA	December

79.2

79.3

79.4

79.5

79.6

79.7

79.8

79.11

79.12

79.13

79.14

79.15

79.16

79.17

79.22

- A. The electronic game system security must be designed or programmed in such a way that it may only communicate with authorized electronic devices using a nonbroadcasting encrypted system.
- B. The electronic game system security must include the ability to automatically disable an electronic linked bingo device if the device goes beyond a physical property restriction at a sales location. The device must remain disabled until reactivated at the point of sale.
- 79.9 C. The electronic game system must be secure from all other site communication 79.10 systems and users at a gambling site.
 - Subp. 30. **Firewall protection.** All communications must pass through at least one application-level firewall recognized by the certified testing laboratory. Alternative network paths are allowed if equally protected by a firewall. The firewall application must maintain an audit log of the following information and must disable all communications if unauthorized access is detected:
 - A. all changes to configuration of the firewall;
 - B. all successful and unsuccessful connection attempts through the firewall; and
- 79.18 C. the source and destination IP addresses and port numbers.
- Subp. 31. **Remote access.** Where permitted by the board, remote access must authenticate all computer systems based on the authorized settings or firewall application. The following are additional requirements:
 - A. no unauthorized remote user administration functionality;
- B. no unauthorized access to any database other than information retrieval using existing functions;

7863.0270 79

80.1	C. no unauthorized access to the operating system and application software; and
80.2	D. maintenance of an activity log that includes:
-80.3	(1) the IP address where any change originated;
80.4	(2) log-in name;
80.5	(3) time and date the connection was made;
80.6	(4) duration of connections;
80.7	(5) activity while logged in, including the specific areas accessed and
80.8	changes made; and
80.9	(6) the time and date must be accurate on all components of each system at
80.10	each site.
80.11	Subp. 32. Data access by board. The system must include on-demand remote
80.12	access at all times by the board to all electronic reporting data without participation of the
80.13	linked bingo game provider or the distributor.
80.14	Subp. 33. Test system and equipment. Linked bingo game providers must provide
80.15	a test system and equipment to the Gambling Control Board, at the linked bingo game
80.16	provider's expense, to test pending and approved games.
80.17	Subp. 34. Test software.
80.18	A. Linked bingo game providers must provide identical software to the board
80.19	as part of system approval by an independent testing laboratory and must disable the
80.20	ability to write to the hard drive.
80.21	B. Linked bingo game providers must allow regulatory test software to be added
80.22	to an electronic game system to verify approved product.
80.23	Subp. 35. Activation of daubing. The system must acknowledge that a player

7863.0270 80

has activated the daubing process.

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

81.1

81.2

81.3

81.4

81.5

81.6

81.7

81.8

81.9

81.10

81.11

81.12

81.13

81.14

81.15

81.16

81.17

81.18

81.19

81.20

81.21

81.22

81.23

81.24

81.25

Subp. 36. Prior board approval required for electronic gambling equipment; conformance with standards for previously approved electronic gambling equipment; independent laboratory testing required for certain electronic gambling equipment. This subpart applies to board approval of electronic gambling equipment, conformance with standards for previously approved electronic gambling equipment, and independent laboratory testing required for certain electronic gambling equipment.

- A. Before the sale, lease, or distribution of any electronic gambling equipment in Minnesota, a linked bingo game provider must obtain prior board approval for the electronic gambling equipment. The linked bingo game provider must provide to the director at no charge the following:
- (1) the list of proposed equipment in an electronic format or other format approved by the board;
 - (2) the electronic linked bingo games; and
- (3) the electronic linked bingo test system and equipment to be used to determine compliance with this part.
- B. Electronic gambling equipment must be received by the board on or before the 15th day of the month to ensure consideration at the board's meeting the following month.
- C. The board must notify the linked bingo game provider in writing no later than five days after a board meeting of the board's decision on whether the product is approved for sale in Minnesota.
- D. For changes to the payout structure for any approved game, the linked bingo game provider must assign a new game identification and submit the game to the board for approval before being offered for sale in Minnesota.
- E. For changes to approved electronic gambling equipment, the linked bingo game provider must submit the changes to the director for review and, if required by the

7863.0270 81

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

director, equipment must be submitted for review and approval by the board. Electronic gambling equipment approved prior to the effective date of this subpart must become compliant within 180 days of the effective date of this part.

82.1

82.2

82.3

82.4

82.5

82.6

82.7

82.8

82.9

82.10

82.11

82.12

82.13

82.14

82.15

82.16

82.17

82.18

82.19

82.20

82.21

82.22

82.23

82.24

82.25

82.26

- F. Within 14 days of receipt of an electronic linked bingo game, the director must notify the linked bingo game provider in writing of the director's decision to recommend approval or recommend denial.
- (1) The written notice of the director's recommended denial must state the basis for the director's recommendation of denial. Within 14 days of receipt of a notice of the director's recommended denial, the linked bingo game provider may request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.
- (2) The written notice of the board's denial must state the basis for the board's denial.
- G. Linked bingo game providers are in compliance if the electronic gambling equipment is approved by the board and is produced in compliance with the standards prescribed in this part. Once approved, a linked bingo game provider may not change the equipment without prior approval of the board, in compliance with this subpart and part 7863.0260, subpart 1a.

The board shall withdraw its approval if it determines that the electronic gambling equipment was not manufactured in compliance with standards in this part. If the board decides that its approval should be withdrawn, the board will notify the linked bingo game provider of its right to request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

H. Independent testing requirements for electronic gambling equipment when required by the board shall include a certification from a board-approved testing laboratory that the electronic gambling equipment tested meets the electronic linked bingo standards and requirements as established in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and

7863.0270 82

0.610.014.4	THITTON	TOTT ITT	10 110100
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
UU)/U7/14	NEVISOR	1/217/117	$\Delta 1 \times \pm 10101$

33.1	in conformance with game procedures as provided by the linked bingo game provider.
33.2	The certification must include:
33.3	(1) a detailed description of the equipment and related software applications
33.4	that were tested, including applicable model numbers of specific equipment and the
33.5	software version of the application used for testing;
33.6	(2) the specific reference to the standard being tested and a statement
33.7	that the equipment meets the standard; and
33.8	(3) any additional findings or issues of concern that might affect the
33.9	performance or play of the equipment.
33.10	I. Independent testing of electronic gambling equipment includes:
33.11	(1) electronic linked bingo game devices;
33.12	(2) programmable electronic devices;
33.13	(3) electronic linked bingo game systems;
33.14	(4) upgrades or changes to previously approved and tested equipment;
33.15	(5) other technical hardware devices used in conjunction with lawful
33.16	gambling equipment; and
33.17	(6) software applications and version upgrades used in conjunction with
33.18	lawful gambling equipment.
33.19	7864.0210 MANUFACTURER LICENSES.
33.20	[For text of subp 1, see M.R.]
33.21	Subp. 2. Manufacturer licensing qualifications.
33.22	A. A manufacturer is not eligible for a manufacturer's license unless they have
23 23	met the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 349 155, subdivision 3, and 349 163

7864.0210 83

06/09/14 REV	TSOR JSK/JK	AR4181ST

84.1	For purposes of compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 349.155, subdivision 3,
84.2	the following definitions apply.
84.3	(1) "Director" means a member of the manufacturer's board of directors.
84.4	(2) "Officer" means any person elected, appointed, or designated as an
84.5	officer by the manufacturer's board of directors.
84.6	(3) "Other person in a supervisory or management position" means any
84.7	person employed to direct or control the personnel and activities of a manufacturer's
84.8	department or division.
84.9	B. All employees, contract employees, and independent contractors working on
84.10	behalf of the manufacturer involved in the installation or maintenance of an electronic
84.11	game system are subject to a background investigation as determined by the board.
84.12	C. Any entity providing application software not developed internally by the
84.13	licensee is subject to a background investigation as determined by the board.
84.14	D. Any independent contractor providing application software is subject to the
84.15	requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 349.155, subdivisions 3 and 4; and 349.1635.
84.16	[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]
84.17	Subp. 4. Contents of manufacturer license application. The manufacturer license
84.18	application must contain the following information:
84.19	[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]
84.20	F. identification of any person who or entity that develops or provides
84.21	application software to the manufacturer;

G. copies of licensing agreements with other entities for all software, except

for operating system software, and hardware developed specifically for the purpose of

7864.0210 84

84.22

·	06/09/14		REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
85.1	conducting	gambling on an electron	ic device. Operating	system software a	agreements must
85.2	be maintain	ed by the manufacturer,	be current, and be av	ailable to the boa	rd upon request;
85.3	H.	type of gambling equip	pment to be sold in N	/linnesota;	
85.4	I.	address and telephone r	number of each facili	ty where gamblin	g equipment is
85.5	manufacture	ed;			
85.6	J.	name, address, and tele	phone number of the	manufacturer's re	egistered agent
85.7	in Minnesot	a;	•		
85.8	K.	a list of all other states	or jurisdictions whe	re the manufactur	er is currently
85.9	licensed;		•		
85.10	L.	an acknowledgment re	garding licensing qu	alifications in sub	part 2 and
85,11	restrictions	in subpart 3;			
85.12	M.	date and signature, in	ink, of the chief exec	cutive officer; and	
85.13	N.	additional information	that may be required	by the board to p	properly identify
85.14	the manufac	turer and ensure compli	ance with Minnesota	Statutes, section	s 349.11 to
85.15	349.23.				
85.16	Subp. 5	5. Attachments to man	ufacturer license ap	oplication. The m	nanufacturer
85.17	must attach	the following items to the	ne application.		
85.18	A.	A manufacturer's perso	onnel form, in a form	at prescribed by t	he board, must
85.19	be complete	d by each:			
85.20		[For text of	subitems (1) to (7), s	see M.R.]	
85.21		(8) consultant, contra	ct employee, or inde	pendent contracto	or who provides

advice or services for the sale or design of gambling equipment for sale or lease in

B. The manufacturer personnel form must include:

7864.0210 85

85.22

85.23

Minnesota.

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

86.2

86.3

86.4

86.5

86.6

86.7

86.8

86.9

86.10

86.11

86.12

86.13

86.14

86.15

86.16

86.17

86.18

86.19

86.20

86.21

86.22

86.23

86.24

86.25

(4) Minnesota tax identification number of businesses the person has held ownership interest in during the past ten years;

[For text of subitems (5) to (10), see M.R.]

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]

[For text of subps 6 to 8, see M.R.]

7864.0230 MANUFACTURER STANDARDS FOR LAWFUL GAMBLING EQUIPMENT OTHER THAN ELECTRONIC PULL-TABS.

Subpart 1. Prior board approval required for paper pull-tab games, tipboard games, and promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets; conformance with standards for previously approved games. The following pertain to prior board approval required for paper pull-tab games, tipboard games, and promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets manufactured for sale in Minnesota, and conformance with standards for previously approved games.

- A. To obtain prior board approval for paper pull-tab and tipboard games and promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets, a manufacturer must submit to the director a deal of tickets, flare, and prize pool board, if any, that has been produced to comply with the manufacturing standards prescribed in this chapter.
- B. Within 14 days of receipt of the deal, the director must notify the manufacturer in writing of the director's decision to recommend approval or recommend denial of the game.
- (1) The written notice of the director's recommended denial must state the basis for the director's recommendation of denial. Within 14 days of receipt of a notice of the director's recommended denial, the manufacturer may request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

86

87.5

87.6

87.7

87.8

87.9

87.10

87.11

87.12

87.13

87.14

87.15

87.16

87.17

87.18

87.19

87.20

87.21

87.22

87.23

87.24

C. Manufacturers are in compliance if the game is approved by the board, and all tickets, flares, and any prize pool boards are produced in compliance with the manufacturing standards prescribed in this chapter. Once approved, a manufacturer may not change a game without prior approval of the board, in compliance with subpart 11.

The board may withdraw its approval if it determines that the paper tickets, flares, and prize pool boards, if any, were not manufactured in such a manner to be tamper-resistant. If the board decides that its approval should be withdrawn, the board will notify the manufacturer of its right to request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

- D. All paper pull-tab and tipboard deals and promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets submitted for approval and approved in Minnesota after July 1, 2011, must be in compliance with the standards by July 1, 2011.
- E. All paper pull-tab and tipboard deals and promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets approved for sale in Minnesota prior to July 1, 2011, and manufactured after July 1, 2011, must be in compliance by December 31, 2011.
- Subp. 1a. Manufacturing standards for paper pull-tab and tipboard ticket information. Paper pull-tab and tipboard tickets manufactured for sale in Minnesota must, at a minimum, include the following information printed on the front of a ticket and be the same for all tickets in a deal:

[For text of items A to F, see M.R.]

G. paper tickets with an unopened, overall area of 1.6 square inches or less are exempt from items D, E, and F; and

88.1	H. paper tickets with an overall area of less than 2.5 square inches but more than
88.2	1.6 square inches are exempt from item F.
88.3	Subp. 1b. Manufacturing standards for design and manufacture of paper
88.4	pull-tab and tipboard tickets. The design and manufacture of paper pull-tab and tipboard
88.5	tickets must comply with the following.
88.6	A. Except for folded and banded tickets, symbol blocks must be a minimum of
88.7	2.5/32 inch from the die-cut edge of the ticket.
88.8	[For text of items B to I, see M.R.]
88.9	Subp. 1c. Manufacturing standards for packaging of paper pull-tab and
88.10	tipboard tickets. The packaging of paper pull-tab and tipboard tickets for each deal
88.11	must comply with the following.
88.12	[For text of items A to H, see M.R.]
88.13	Subp. 1d. Manufacturing standards for paper pull-tab and tipboard flares. The
88.14	front of the paper pull-tab and tipboard flare must include:
88.15	[For text of items A to N, see M.R.]
88.16	Subp. 1e. Manufacturing standards for prize pool board for cumulative paper
88.17	pull-tab or tipboard game. The front of a prize pool board for a cumulative paper
88.18	pull-tab or tipboard game must include, at a minimum:
38.19	[For text of items A to I, see M.R.]
88.20	Subp. 1f. Manufacturing standards for separate progressive paper pull-tab or
38.21	tipboard jackpot flare. For a separate progressive jackpot flare for a paper pull-tab game,
38.22	the minimum information printed on the front of the flare must include:
28.23	[For taxt of items A to H see M.P.]

JSK/JK

AR4181ST

06/00/14	DEMMOOD	TOTZ/TTZ	A TO 41 01 CIT
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

Subp. 1g. Manufacturing standards for promotional paper pull-tab or tipboard tickets. Promotional tickets that mimic paper pull-tab and tipboard tickets, as defined by part 7861.0210, subpart 43, and Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12, subdivisions 18 and 31, must contain:

89.1

89.2

89.3

89.4

89.5

89.6

89.7

89.8

89.9

89.10

89.11

89.12

89.13

89.14

89.15

89.16

89.17

89.18

89.19

89.20

89.21

[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]

- Subp. 2. Manufacturing standards for paper pull-tab dispensing devices. Paper pull-tab dispensing devices used to dispense paper pull-tab tickets and manufactured to be sold or leased in Minnesota must have the manufacturer's name or board-registered logo, serial number, model number, and date of manufacture permanently attached to it, and conform to the following standards.
- A. The electrical, electronic, and programming features of the paper pull-tab dispensing device must:

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

- B. The column and dispensing features of a paper pull-tab dispensing device must comply with the following.
- (1) The paper pull-tab dispensing device must have dispensing columns located in a separately locking compartment and the columns must accommodate tickets of varying lengths, widths, and thicknesses.
- (2) Based on the amount of currency validated, all tickets must be accurately dispensed.
 - (3) Cash or tickets may not be dispensed to pay a player for a winning ticket.
- 89.22 (4) A shatterproof covering must be placed directly in front of the columns, 89.23 and the paper pull-tab dispensing device must contain an outlet or tray to catch dispensed 89.24 tickets.

90.1	(5) The paper pull-tab dispensing device must have at least one player
90.2	button on the front which, when pressed, activates the dispensing of a ticket.
90.3	(6) If a malfunction occurs when the paper pull-tab dispensing device
90.4	contains only one deal in one column, the device must become inoperable for that deal
90.5	until the columns are adjusted or a new game is added.
90.6	(7) If a malfunction occurs when the paper pull-tab dispensing device
90.7	contains more than one deal and the malfunction occurs in one of the columns containing
90.8	a particular game, all of the columns containing tickets for that game must become
90.9	inoperable until the malfunction is cleared.
90.10	(8) If electrical power is interrupted after currency has been validated but
90.11	prior to paper pull-tabs being dispensed, the dollar amount of validated currency must be
90.12	accurately redisplayed immediately after electrical power is restored.
90.13	(9) When tickets in a deal are dispensed from two or more columns and
90.14	tickets remain in only one column, the tickets may continue to be dispensed without
90.15	further splitting into multiple columns.
90.16	C. The accounting and access features must comply with the following.
90.17	(1) Accounting meters must redundantly and perpetually track the total
90.18	currency validated and the total number of paper pull-tabs dispensed.
90.19	(2) One accounting meter must perpetually track the number of tickets
90.20	dispensed from each column.
90.21	(3) Accounting meters must not be cleared, erased, or replaced unless the
90.22	board is notified and has given its approval.
90.23	(4) Accounting information must be at least six numbers in length, and
90.24	information must be retained for at least six months after electrical power to the paper

90.25

pull-tab dispensing device has been disconnected or turned off.

91.1	(5) When any nonresettable accounting meter or any component essential
91.2	to the secure operation is disconnected, operation must automatically discontinue.
91.3	(6) When in a test-vend or audit mode, test-vends of tickets or currency
91.4	acceptances must not be recorded on the accounting meters. "Test-vend" means the
91.5	intentional accepting of currency or vending of paper pull-tabs to properly calibrate
91.6	columns to accept currency and vend paper pull-tabs of varying lengths, widths, and
91.7	thicknesses. The paper pull-tab dispensing device must not perform test-vends of tickets
91.8	or currency acceptances unless it is in a test-vend or audit mode and the exterior door of
91.9	the paper pull-tab dispensing device is open.
91.10	(7) The manufacturer must not furnish more than four keys to the exterior
91.11	locking door, and not more than four keys to each separate locking compartment. The
91.12	keys to the cash compartment may not be the same as the keys to the cash box.
91.13	D. The electronic currency validator must:
91.14	(1) accept and validate only United States currency and be capable of
91.15	preventing acceptance of known manipulations of the currency and returning invalid
91.16	currency to a player;
91.17	(2) transmit the value of currency validated;
91.18	(3) ensure that tickets will not be dispensed unless the validator has
91.19	accepted and retained currency;
91.20	(4) automatically discontinue accepting or validating currency if a
91.21	malfunction should occur or if electrical power to the paper pull-tab dispensing device
91.22	or currency validator is interrupted; and
91.23	(5) have at least one removable stacker box that can stack at least 600

located in a separately locking compartment.

91.24

91.25

United States currency bills or have at least one removable drop box. The box must be

06/09/14	•	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

92.1	E. Each paper pull-tab dispensing device must be designed and constructed so
92.2	that it can be securely attached to a floor, wall, or counter, and the appearance or design
92.3	must not resemble a slot machine or other gambling device.
92.4	F. Any paper pull-tab dispensing device provided to a licensed distributor
92.5	for demonstration purposes must be clearly and permanently marked for use as a
92.6	demonstration device only.
92.7	[For text of subps 3 to 5, see M.R.]
92.8	Subp. 6. Manufacturing standards for electronic bingo devices. In addition to
92.9	the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 349.12, subdivision 12a, electronic bingo
92.10	devices manufactured for sale or lease in Minnesota must include the manufacturer's name
92.11	or board-registered logo and conform to the following standards:
92.12	[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]
92.13	F. must not have any other games or entertainment programs stored in or on
92.14	the device, except for electronic pull-tabs;
92.15	[For text of items G to I, see M.R.]
92.16	J. must have, for a site used by an organization for the conduct of bingo, a
92.17	central system that has at a minimum:
92.18	[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]
92.19	[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]
92.20	Subp. 8. Manufacturing standards for mechanical paddlewheels intended for
92.21	use without a paddlewheel table. Paddlewheels used without a paddlewheel table
92.22	and manufactured to be sold in Minnesota must include the manufacturer's name or
92.23	board-registered logo and conform to the following standards:
92.24	[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	170 440407
			AR4181ST

Subp. 9. Manufacturing standards for mechanical paddlewheels intended for use with a paddlewheel table. Mechanical paddlewheels used with paddlewheel tables and manufactured to be sold in Minnesota must include the manufacturer's name or its board-registered logo, and must conform to the following standards:

93.1

93.2

93.3

93.4

93.5

93.6

93.7

93.8

93.9

93.10

93.11

93.12

93.13

93.14

93.15

93.16

93.17

93.18

93.19

93.20

93.21

93.22

93.23

93.24

93.25

[For text of items A to H, see M.R.]

- Subp. 9a. **Manufacturing standards for electronic paddlewheels.** Electronic paddlewheels must conform to the following standards:
- A. The electronic paddlewheel operating system and any local or central server must have a password log-in with two level codes comprised of a personal identification code and a personal password.
- B. The electronic paddlewheel operating system must provide comprehensive password security or other secure means of ensuring data integrity and enforcing user permission.
- C. Log-in access to the operation of the electronic paddlewheel is restricted to the operator of the game, the gambling manager of the organization, and the system distributor.
- D. The electronic paddlewheel must be secured when not in use to prevent any tampering or unauthorized use.
- E. Prior to the acceptance of any wager, the operator of the game must conduct a test game to verify the electronic paddlewheel is operating according to the manufacturing standards of the device.
- F. A log-in report must be maintained by the organization identifying the time and date the electronic paddlewheel was accessed for testing purposes or for actual play. The log-in report must include the start and end time of access.
- G. Electronic paddlewheels must use a random number generator which conforms to part 7861.0210, subpart 44.

7864.0230 93

94.2

94.3

94.4

94.5

94.6

94.7

94.8

94.9

94.10

94.11

94.12

94.13

94.14

94.15

94.16

94.17

94.18

94.19

94.20

94.21

94.22

94.23

JSK/JK

For toxt	of subps	10 and	100	000 M	ר מ
For text	or supps	TO and	TUa.	see M.	K.I

Subp. 11. **Prior board approval of all gambling equipment required;** independent testing required for certain gambling equipment. This subpart applies to board approval of gambling equipment.

A. Before the sale, lease, or distribution of any gambling equipment in Minnesota, the manufacturer must submit to the board a sample of the equipment.

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

- (5) For changes to flares, prize pool boards, or tickets for approved games and for changes to approved gambling equipment, the manufacturer must submit the changes to the director for review and, if required by the director, the game or equipment must be submitted for review and approval by the board.
- B. Pull-tab deals submitted for approval of a new family of games proposed for production or already in production but not yet approved for sale in Minnesota or new members to a previously approved family of games must include:

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

(5) for new members of a previously approved family of games, the date when that family of games was previously approved by the board.

If a game is approved by production copies, the manufacturer must submit to the board, simultaneously with the first shipment of the game into Minnesota, one complete deal of one family member to verify conformance with the previously approved production copies, and attach a flare for all other game family members.

If the seal of a deal submitted to the board is broken or resealed to cover a broken seal, the deal will not be approved by the board.

[For text of items C to E, see M.R.]

F. Permanent gambling equipment, including bingo number selection devices, electronic bingo devices, paddlewheels, paddlewheel tables, pull-tab dispensing devices, and programmable electronic devices that are submitted for approval must consist of the following:

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

- (4) in addition to the requirements of subitems (1) to (3), manufacturers submitting a bingo number selection device, an electronic bingo device, or a pull-tab dispensing device for approval must also include a certificate from an independent testing laboratory approved by the board to perform testing services, stating that the equipment has been tested, analyzed, and meets the standards required in this chapter. The board may require that a programmable electronic device must be tested and certified by an independent testing laboratory approved by the board.
- G. Independent testing requirements for gambling equipment when required by the board shall include a certification from a board-approved testing laboratory that the gambling equipment tested meets the manufacturing standards established in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and is in conformance with the game procedures provided by the manufacturer. The certification must include:
- (1) a detailed description of the equipment and related software applications that were tested including applicable model numbers of specific equipment and the software version of application used for tests; and
- (2) the specific reference to the standard being tested and a statement that the equipment meets the standard; and
- (3) any additional findings or issues of concern that might affect the performance or play of the equipment.
 - H. Independent testing of electronic gambling equipment includes:

7864.0230

95.5

95.6

95.7

95.8

95.9

95.10

95.11

95.12

95.13

95.14

95.15

95.16

95.17

95.18

95.19

95.20

95.21

95.22

95.23

95.24

97.1	Subp. 3	3. Ele	ectronic pull-tab flare required features. The following features are
97.2	required on	an ele	ectronic pull-tab flare:
97.3	A.	The	base game flare must contain the:
97.4		(1)	manufacturer's name or board-registered logo;
97.5		(2)	game name and serial number, which must be identical to the same
97.6	information	that a	appears on the tickets in the deal;
97.7	•	(3)	unique form number for that game;
97.8		(4)	ticket count;
97.9		(5)	prize structure, including the quantity of symbols or numbers for winning
97.10	tickets by do	mina	tion with their respective winning symbol or number combinations. The
97.11	prize amoun	ts ma	y not exceed the limit under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.211; and
97.12		(6)	cost per play, not to exceed the limit under Minnesota Statutes, section
97.13	349.211.		
97.14	В.	The	bonus game flare must contain the:
97.15		(1)	manufacturer's name or board-registered logo;
97.16		(2)	game name;
97.17		(3)	ticket price;
97.18		(4)	number of bonus plays;
97.19		(5)	quantity and denominations of bonus plays; and
97.20		(6)	form number.
97.21	C.	The	summary flare must contain the:
97.22		(1)	manufacturer's name or board-registered logo;
97.23		(2)	game name:

98.1	(3) ticket price;
98.2	(4) combined total quantity and denominations of tickets and bonus plays;
98.3	and
98.4	(5) form number.
98.5	D. If there is no bonus play, the base game flare information is sufficient.
98.6	Subp. 4. Electronic pull-tab ticket required features. The following features are
98.7	required on an electronic pull-tab ticket:
98.8	A. manufacturer's name or its board-registered logo;
98.9	B. game name, which must be identical to the game name on the flare for
98.10	that deal;
98.11	C. game serial number, which must be a minimum of five and a maximum of
98.12	eight characters, and must not be repeated on gambling equipment of the same form
98.13	number for 3-1/2 years from the date of the manufacturer's invoice to the distributor.
98.14	There must not be more than one serial number in a deal;
98.15	D. unique form number for that game;
98.16	E. cost per play, not to exceed the limit under Minnesota Statutes, section
98.17	349.211;
98.18	F. quantity of winners in each tier, and the respective winning numbers or
98.19	symbols and prize amount;
98.20	G. ability to access the ticket and base flare;
98.21	H. player account balance;
98.22	I. primary and secondary win indicators;
98.23	J. a defined area on the face of the ticket for the windows or seals covering the
98.24	numbers or symbols; and

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

K. winning numbers or symbols in a straight, consecutive pattern under the windows or seals.

For winning tickets, the symbol combination for each denomination must be identical in the base game for all deals within that form number.

A winning ticket which includes a bonus prize must not exceed statutory prize limits under Minnesota Statutes, section 349.211.

- Subp. 5. **Bonus screen required features.** The following features are required on a bonus screen:
 - A. manufacturer's name or board-registered logo;
- 99.10 B. game name;

99.1

99.2

99.3

99.4

99.5

99.6

99.7

99.8

99.9

99.19

99.20

99.21

99.22

99.23

99.24

- 99.11 C. form number;
- 99.12 D. seal or animation;
- 99.13 E. number of seals to select;
- 99.14 F. winning prize amounts; and
- 99.15 G. total win amount from bonus prizes.
- 99.16 Subp. 6. **Application software.** All application software must be owned by the manufacturer. Software developed by the manufacturer must also meet the requirements of this subpart.
 - A. For purposes of this subpart, application software is developed by the manufacturer if the manufacturer designs the central system, database, user interface, the program architecture, and programs the source code.
 - B. A licensed manufacturer may jointly develop application software for an electronic linked bingo system or an electronic pull-tab system with a licensed linked bingo game provider if the jointly developed application software permits the operation

06/09/14	REVISOR	ISK/IK	AR4181ST

of electronic linked bingo or electronic pull-tab games on the same electronic linked bingo or electronic pull-tab device.

100.1

100.2

100.3

100.4

100.5

100.6

100.7

100.8

100.9

100.10

100.11

100.12

100.13

100.19

- C. Any application software to be used by the manufacturer must be wholly owned free and clear and without any further obligation or condition by any entity other than the licensed manufacturer.
- D. The electronic pull-tab game system manufacturer must provide documentation establishing ownership of the intellectual property rights to the entire game application software and system.
 - Subp. 7. Changes in software or hardware. If there is any change in software or hardware by a manufacturer, the manufacturer must assign a new version or code build number and must submit the new software version or code build number to the board for approval. The new version or code build number must be approved by a certified independent testing laboratory.
- Subp. 8. **Electronic monitoring by board.** Electronic monitoring of the operation of the electronic pull-tab system by the board will be limited to read-only access of transaction logs and status of the system. The board is not allowed to alter any data or game play.
- Subp. 9. **Secured data transmission.** An electronic pull-tab game system must provide secured data transmission to all participating locations.

Subp. 10. Changes in version of system or game.

- A. If there is a change in the version or code build number of a system or game, the manufacturer must assign a new version or code build number for any changes or upgrades to the electronic pull-tab system or game to indicate a change of the version or code build number of the system or game according to standard practices.
- B. Any changes to the electronic pull-tab game or system must be approved by the director before the game or system is placed into operation.

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

C. Any changes in a version or code build number that have an effect on the outcome of a previously approved game must be retested by a certified independent testing laboratory.

- Subp. 11. **Secure communication.** Connections between all components of the electronic game system must only be through the use of secure communication protocols which are designed to prevent unauthorized access or tampering, employing Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
- Subp. 12. **Independent verification check.** The electronic pull-tab game system and all devices that communicate with the electronic pull-tab game system must have the ability to allow for an independent verification check of the system's software from an authorized source approved by the board. The independent verification check ability is required for all application software that the board determines may affect the integrity of the game. The verification check must provide a means for on-site and off-site field verification of the software and applicable device to identify and validate the program. All Minnesota board-approved games must be identical to the games presented to a certified independent testing laboratory.
- Subp. 13. **Electronic accounting data.** Electronic accounting data must be at least ten digits in length and must be maintained in credit units equal to dollars and cents.
- Subp. 14. **Cash and inventory verification.** The system must record value of cash in, tickets played, credits won, credits played, cash out, and unredeemed credits.

Subp. 15. Restricted use.

101.1

101.2

101.3

101.4

101.5

101.6

101.7

101.8

101.9

101.10

101.11

101.12

101.13

101.14

101.15

101.16

101.17

A. Local and central servers and electronic pull-tab devices must not be capable of being used as stand-alone units for the purposes of engaging in any function or use not permitted by these standards at any time.

102.1	B. External ports on the device, if any, will be secured or disabled from
102.2	unauthorized use.
102.3	Subp. 16. Memory backup. Local and central servers must have nonvolatile backup
102.4	memory or its equivalent, which must be maintained in a secure compartment on each
102.5	local and central server for the purpose of storing and preserving a redundant set of critical
102.6	data which include:
102.7	A. error corrections that may have occurred on electronic pull-tab devices or
102.8	local and central servers, such as an invalid PIN or a game interrupt;
102.9	B. program error check and verification and authentication of any mismatch;
102.10	C. recall of all wagers and other play information associated with the last 100
102.11	plays on each device, including the electronic pull-tab ticket and the serial number of
102.12	the game;
102.13	D. electronic accounting data capturing the record of transactions for electronic
102.14	pull-tab devices in use for each local and central server including:
102.15	(1) current credits;
102.16	(2) electronic device and game configuration data;
102.17	(3) software state (the last normal state or last status before interruption); and
102.18	(4) a log of the last 100 transactions on each device;
102.19	E. comprehensive checks of critical memory for each device in operation
102.20	following game initiation but prior to display of game outcome to the player; an
102.21	unrecoverable corruption of critical memory must result in an error notification and cause
102.22	all electronic pull-tab devices in play to cease further function. An unrecoverable critical
102.23	memory error report must be immediately generated to the Gambling Control Board and

must include the name of the authorized person who performs any recapture or memory

7864.0235

clear of the local or central server;

102.24

103.1	F. the system must have the ability to immediately, accurately, and securely cash
103.2	out all players who have funds in the system in the event of power or communications
103.3	network loss or other time of game or play interruption; and
103.4	G. all game play records must be kept for 3-1/2 years.
103.5	Subp. 17. Randomization. An electronic pull-tab game system must use
103.6	randomizing procedures in the distribution of electronic pull-tabs. The randomizing
103.7	process for each pull-tab game must take place prior to the use of the game at the sales
103.8	location. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning, "pull-tab
103.9	position" means the first pull-tab dealt, second pull-tab dealt, in sequential order. Any
103.10	random number generation, shuffling, or randomization of outcomes used in connection
103.11	with an electronic pull-tab system must be by use of a random number generation
103.12	application that has successfully passed standard tests for randomness and unpredictability
103.13	as defined in part 7861.0210, subpart 44.
103.14	Subp. 18. Game information. Prior to the commencement of an electronic pull-tab
103.15	game, the following data must be maintained and be viewable electronically on the
103.16	electronic pull-tab game system device:
103.17	A. a unique form number identifying each game;
103.18	B. a description of the game sufficient to categorize the game relative to other
103.19	games;
103.20	C. the number of total electronic tickets in the game;
103.21	D. the overall payout percentage for the game and the number of electronic
103.22	tickets at each award amount;
103.23	E. the purchase price per electronic ticket assigned to the game;
103.24	F. flare information listing quantity and denominations of winning tickets for
103.25	the base game and bonus games, and a total for the game; and

104.3

104.4

104.10

104.1	\mathbf{G}	bonus	play	if	anv
104.1	U.	oomus	pray,	П	any

- Subp. 19. **Electronic pull-tab generation.** Upon request from a pull-tab device, the electronic pull-tab system must display an electronic facsimile of a pull-tab ticket. Once dispensed, such ticket must not be reused.
- Subp. 20. **System testing at sites.** The communications network system must be available for and have the capability of being tested by the board on site.
- Subp. 21. **Data access by board.** The system must include on-demand remote access at all times by the board to all electronic reporting data without participation of the manufacturer or the distributor.

Subp. 22. Game status and auditing.

- 104.11 A. Only upon the game termination shall the finite details of that game be 104.12 revealed to the persons performing the game audit or status check.
- B. If an audit or other game determination is conducted while a game is in play, termination of the entire game must immediately occur. An audit or game determination includes a determination of the individual prizes won or individual prizes remaining to be won.
- 104.17 C. Daily reports will be made available to the licensed organization's authorized personnel which contain data relating to gross ticket sales and gross prizes paid on a per-game basis.
- D. An electronic pull-tab game system must allow for the early termination of games as determined by the licensed organization's authorized personnel.
- Subp. 23. **Game definition.** All game definition files must contain the following information:
- 104.24 A. game ID;

B. game type;

105.2 C. game version;

D. manufacturer;

E. game name;

105.10

F. form number;

G. purchase price per electronic ticket;

H. game ticket count; and

I. prize values with an associated index and frequency associated with how many of that particular prize exist.

Subp. 24. System security and access.

- 105.11 A. The electronic pull-tab game system must be located in Minnesota and in a 105.12 secure location with limited, authorized access.
- B. Any system elements that hold game data, other than the electronic pull-tab devices, must be in a locked area or in a locked case or compartment with access limited to designated personnel.
- 105.16 C. The manufacturer must register employees having authorized system access with the board.
- D. The system must be in a secure location and provide electronic security for the games against alteration, tampering, or unauthorized access.
- E. The system must allow the board and other authorized state representatives real-time access to data and equipment, including all accounting for sales, prizes, and credits per device, per site.
- Subp. 25. **Data alteration.** The electronic pull-tab game system must not permit the alteration of any accounting or significant event log information that was communicated

105

06/09/14 REVISOR JSK/JK AR4181ST

from the electronic pull-tab device without board-approved access controls. In the event financial data is changed, the electronic pull-tab system must be able to produce an automated audit log documenting the:

A. data element altered;

106.1

106.2

106.3

106.4

106.5

106.9

106.16

106.17

- B. data element value prior to alteration;
- 106.6 C. data element value after alteration;
- D. time and date of alteration; and
- E. user log-in of personnel that performed alteration.

Subp. 26. Backup and recovery.

- A. An electronic pull-tab system must have a separate physical medium for securely storing games on the computer, which must be backed up in real time by a backup medium.
- B. A disaster recovery plan detailing the system backup features including physical location for medium storage and procedures for periodic testing and recovery must be provided to the board as a condition of equipment approval.
 - C. All data required to be available or reported by this provision must be retained for a period of not less than 3-1/2 years.
- D. All storage of critical data must use error checking and be stored on a nonvolatile physical medium.
- E. The database must be stored on redundant media so that no single failure of any portion of the system would result in the loss or corruption of data.
- F. In the event of a catastrophic failure when the electronic pull-tab game system cannot be restarted in any other way, it must be possible to reload the electronic

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
UU/U9/1 4	KEVIOUK	JOD/JD	AK410101

pull-tab game system from the last viable backup point and fully recover the contents of that backup, to consist of at least the following information:

- all date and time indicators associated with data failure and pull-tab game system reload;
 - all accounting information;

107.1

107.2

107.3

107.4

107.5

107.8

107.9

107.11

107.17

107.18

- auditing information, including all open games and the summary of 107.6 107.7 completed games; and
 - (4) employee files with access levels.

Subp. 27. System access; password requirements.

- The manufacturer must maintain password access for the manufacturer; the 107.10 distributor must maintain password access for the distributor; and the organization must maintain password access for the gambling manager and sellers. 107.12
- The operating system software and application software must have multiple 107.13 security access levels to control and restrict different classes of access to the system. The 107.14 accounts for the access levels must be unique when assigned to the authorized personnel 107.15 107.16 and only one user per account is allowed.
 - C. The manufacturer, the distributor, and the organization must register employees with authorized system access with the board.
- The operating system software and application software must provide 107.19 107.20 comprehensive password security or other secure means of ensuring data integrity and enforcing user permission. It is required that: 107.21
- (1) all programs and data files must only be accessible via the entry of 107.22 passwords, that will be known only to the manufacturer, distributor, and gambling 107.23 107.24 manager, based on respective level-of-access criteria;

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
30/03/14	VE A POLY	1917/17	AX410101

	·
108.1	(2) the storage of passwords must be in an encrypted, nonreversible form;
108.2	(3) a program must be available that will list all registered users on the
108.3	system including their privilege level;
108.4	(4) the password must have a length of at least six alphanumeric characters
108.5	and
108.6	(5) the system must automatically log out after a period of inactivity in
108.7	excess of five minutes.
108.8	Subp. 28. System log-in and log-out requirements. System log-in and log-out
108.9	requirements apply to manufacturers, distributors, gambling managers, assistant gambling
108.10	managers, and sellers.
108.11	A. The operating system and any local and central servers must have a
108.12	password log-in with two level codes comprising of a personal identification code and a
108.13	personal password.
108.14	B. The system must include log-in and log-out procedures for system and
108.15	point of sale devices.
108.16	Subp. 29. Time signature. The time signature generated by the electronic device,
108.17	the local server, and the central server must be identical.
108.18	Subp. 30. Electronic accounting and reporting; record of daily system
108.19	transactions.
108.20	A. One or more electronic accounting systems must perform reporting and other
108 21	functions in support of the electronic pull-tab game system. The electronic accounting

B. A permanent record of daily transactions played on the electronic pull-tab system and device must be maintained by the electronic pull-tab game system on a

system must not interfere with the outcome of any gaming function.

7864.0235

108.22

108.23

	06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
109.1	database other than on	he local server. The database ar	nd central server must	be accessible
109.2	to the Gambling Contro	l Board at all times.		
109.3	Subp. 31. Report	ng requirements of electronic	accounting system	. The
109.4	electronic pull-tab gam	e system must provide the follo	wing reports to the G	ambling
109.5	Control Board and the	Department of Revenue.		
109.6	A. An electro	nic pull-tab game report must b	e available to the boa	rd on demand
109.7	for each game currently	in play. The report must contain	n the following infor	mation:
109.8	(1) a uni	que serial number identifying e	ach game;	
109.9	(2) a des	cription of the game sufficient t	o categorize the gam	e relative
109.10	to other games;			
109.11	(3) the to	otal number of electronic pull-ta	b tickets in the game	,
109.12	(4) the a	ctual payout percentage of the e	ntire game;	
109.13	(5) cost	per electronic pull-tab ticket ass	igned to the game;	
109.14	(6) the t	me and date that the game beca	me available for play	; and
109.15	(7) the le	ocation where the game is being	played.	
109.16	B. An electro	nic pull-tab game report must b	e available to the boa	rd on demand
109.17	for each completed gan	e. The report must contain the	following information	n:
109.18	(1) a uni	que serial number identifying e	ach game;	
109.19	(2) a des	cription of the game sufficient t	o categorize the gam	e relative
109.20	to other games;			
109.21	(3) the to	otal number of unsold electronic	pull-tab tickets per g	game;
109.22	(4) the to	tal number of electronic pull-ta	bs purchased;	
109.23	(5) prize	s awarded;		

	06/09/14		REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
110.1	(6	(5) the time and date the	nat the game became	e available for play	,
110.2	(7	net receipts;			
110.3	8)	3) the time and date the	nat the game was con	mpleted or remove	d from play;
110.4	(9) the location where	the game was playe	d;	
110.5	(1	0) the final payout po	ercentage of the gam	ne when removed f	rom play; and
110.6	(1	1) the purchase price	per electronic pull-	tab ticket assigned	to the game.
110.7	C. O	ther electronic pull-tab	game reports that r	nust be available to	the board
110.8	on demand are:			•	
110.9	(1	Active site reports:			
110.10		(a) site name, add	ress, and telephone	number;	
110.11		(b) licensed organ	ization name and lic	ense number;	
110.12		(c) premises perm	it number and numb	er of devices at sit	e; and
110.13		(d) must be able to	o distinguish sites th	at are not active.	
110.14	(2	2) Revenue reports:			
110.15		(a) daily activity b	y site, by organizati	on, and for all sites	s;
110.16		(b) site name and	license number;		
110.17		(c) premises perm	it number;		
110.18		(d) number of dev	ices in use at the sit	e;	
110.19		(e) pull-tab tickets	sold and the gross	receipts;	
110.20		(f) prizes awarded	•		
110.21		(g) net receipts;			
110.22		(h) payout percent	age;	·	

7864.0235

111.22

111.23

distributor, manufacturer, or Gambling Control Board investigator);

site name, organization name, or other description;

112.1	(d) user ID of all persons with system access;
112.2	(e) access level; and
112.3	(f) contact telephone number and e-mail.
112.4	(8) Point of sale reports. A seller's system access must be limited to the
112.5	following information within the end of shift reports and end of day reports:
112.6	(a) gross receipts;
112.7	(b) prizes paid; and
112.8	(c) net receipts.
112.9	D. Other statistical and activity reports as required by the board and maintained
112.10	by the manufacturer and the distributor must be provided in a format prescribed by the
112.11	board upon request.
112.12	Subp. 32. Test system and equipment. Manufacturers must provide a test system
112.13	and equipment to the Gambling Control Board, at the manufacturer's expense, to test
112.14	pending and approved games.
112.15	Subp. 33. Test software.
112.16	A. Manufacturers must provide identical software to the board as part of system
112.17	approval by an independent testing laboratory and must disable the ability to write to
112.18	the hard drive.
112.19	B. Manufacturers must allow regulatory test software to be added to an
112.20	electronic game system to verify approved product.
112.21	Subp. 34. Electronic game system.
112.22	A. Each component of an electronic game system must function as indicated by
112.23	the communication protocol implemented by the licensed manufacturer of the electronic
112.24	pull-tab game system.

B. All communication between a server and the electronic pull-tab devices must use authentication and encryption protection employing Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) specifications as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to provide secure authentication of the device and the server, ensuring the integrity of the data communicated, and for confidentiality.

- C. The communicated data must be encrypted. The certified testing laboratory must examine each submitted electronic game system to ensure that the proposed field configuration is secure. The certified testing laboratory may provide additional security recommendations to maintain the integrity of the configuration.
- D. The electronic game system must be capable of being tested by the board to verify approved product.

Subp. 35. Electronic game system security.

113.1

113.2

113.3

113.4

113.5

113.6

113.7

113.8

113.9

113.10

113.11

113.12

113.13

113.14

113.15

113.16

113.17

113.18

113.19

- A. The electronic game system security must be designed or programmed in such a way that it may only communicate with authorized electronic devices using a nonbroadcasting encrypted system.
- B. The electronic game system security must include the ability to automatically disable an electronic pull-tab device if the device goes beyond a physical property restriction at a sales location. The device must remain disabled until reactivated at the point of sale.
- 113.20 C. The electronic game system must be secure from all other site communication systems and users at a gambling site.
- Subp. 36. **Firewall protection.** Communications must pass through at least one application-level firewall recognized by the certified testing laboratory. Alternative network paths are allowed if equally protected by a firewall. The firewall application must

06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST

114.1	maintain an audit log of the following information and must disable all communications if
114.2	unauthorized access is detected:
114.3	A. all changes to configuration of the firewall;
114.4	B. all successful and unsuccessful connection attempts through the firewall; and
114.5	C. the source and destination IP addresses and port numbers.
114.6	Subp. 37. Remote access. Where permitted by the board, remote access must
114.7	authenticate all computer systems based on the authorized settings or firewall application.
114.8	The following are additional requirements:
114.9	A. no unauthorized remote user administration functionality;
114.10	B. no unauthorized access to any database other than information retrieval
114.11	using existing functions;
114.12	C. no unauthorized access to the operating system and application software; and
114.13	D. maintenance of an activity log that includes:
114.14	(1) the IP address where any change originated;
114.15	(2) log-in name;
114.16	(3) time and date the connection was made;
114.17	(4) duration of connections;
114.18	(5) activity while logged in, including the specific areas accessed and
114.19	changes made; and
114.20	(6) accurate time and date on all components of each system at each site.
114.21	Subp. 38. Prior board approval required for electronic gambling equipment;
114.22	conformance with standards for previously approved electronic gambling equipment;

independent laboratory testing required for certain electronic gambling equipment.

7864.0235

0.6 (0.0) 1 4	DETHOOD	TOTT ITT	1 72 / 4 0 4 0 5
06/09/14	REVISOR	JSK/JK	AR4181ST
JUI U JI I T	NE VIOUN	313137313	717410101

This subpart applies to board approval of electronic gambling equipment, conformance with standards for previously approved electronic gambling equipment, and independent laboratory testing required for certain electronic gambling equipment.

- A. Before the sale, lease, or distribution of any electronic gambling equipment in Minnesota, a manufacturer must obtain prior board approval for the electronic gambling equipment. The manufacturer must provide to the director at no charge the following:
- (1) the list of proposed equipment in an electronic format or other format approved by the board;
 - (2) the electronic pull-tab games and flare information; and
- (3) the electronic pull-tab game test system and equipment to be used to determine compliance with this part.
- B. Electronic pull-tab deals submitted for approval of a new family of games proposed for production or already in production but not yet approved for sale in Minnesota or new members to a previously approved family of games must include:
- 115.15 (1) the front of the flare, prize pool board if any, ticket for each game, and 115.16 any cumulative or progressive jackpot flare;
- 115.17 (2) the inside of the ticket showing the symbols in the boxes and the win 115.18 indicators;
 - (3) the winning and losing symbols;
- 115.20 (4) the payout structure; and

115.1

115.2

115.3

115.4

115.5

115.6

115.7

115.8

115.9

115.10

115.11

115.19

- 115.21 (5) for new members of a previously approved family of games, the date 115.22 when that family of games was previously approved by the board.
- 115.23 C. Electronic gambling equipment must be received by the board on or before 115.24 the 15th day of the month to ensure consideration at the board's meeting the following

month. The manufacturer must include information on any equipment that will be sold or leased on an exclusive basis according to part 7864.0240, subpart 1a.

116.1

116.2

116.3

116.4

116.5

116.6

116.7

116.8

116.9

116.10

116.11

116.12

116.13

116.14

116.15

116.16

116.17

116.18

116.19

116.20

116.21

- D. The board must notify the manufacturer in writing no later than five days after a board meeting of the board's decision on whether the product is approved for sale in Minnesota. Board approval is not considered approval of the bar code required by the commissioner of revenue.
- E. For changes to the payout structure or ticket count for any approved game or for any game within a family of games, the manufacturer must assign a new game form number and submit the game to the board for approval before being offered for sale in Minnesota.
- F. For changes to approved electronic gambling equipment, the manufacturer must submit the changes to the director for review and, if required by the director, the equipment must be submitted for review and approval by the board. Electronic gambling equipment approved prior to the effective date of this part must become compliant within 180 days of the effective date of this part.
- G. Within 14 days of receipt of a deal, the director must notify the manufacturer in writing of the director's decision to recommend approval or recommend denial of a game.
- (1) The written notice of the director's recommended denial must state the basis for the director's recommendation of denial. Within 14 days of receipt of a notice of the director's recommended denial, the manufacturer may request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.
- 116.22 (2) The written notice of the board's denial must state the basis for the board's denial.
- H. Manufacturers are in compliance if the electronic gambling equipment is approved by the board and is produced in compliance with the manufacturing standards

prescribed in this part. Once approved, a manufacturer may not change the equipment without prior approval of the board, in compliance with this part.

The board may withdraw its approval if it determines that the electronic gambling equipment was not manufactured in such a manner to be tamper-resistant. If the board decides that its approval should be withdrawn, the board will notify the manufacturer of its right to request a contested case hearing under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14.

- I. Electronic gambling equipment, including electronic bingo devices, electronic pull-tab devices, electronic systems, and programmable electronic devices, that are submitted for approval must consist of the following:
- (1) a copy of the manufacturer's catalog or brochure illustrating that the item meets board-prescribed manufacturing standards for the equipment; and
- 117.12 (2) a description of the item and its features.

117.1

117.2

117.3

117.4

117.5

117.6

117.7

117.8

117.9

117.10

117.11

117.22

117.23

117.24

117.25

117.26

- The board may require the manufacturer to make the equipment available to the board for inspection.
- In addition to the requirements of subitems (1) and (2), manufacturers submitting
 electronic bingo devices, electronic pull-tab devices, electronic systems, or programmable
 electronic devices for approval must also include a certification from an independent
 testing laboratory approved by the board to perform testing services, stating that the
 equipment has been tested and analyzed and meets the standards required in this chapter.
 The board may require that a programmable electronic device must be tested and certified
 by an independent testing laboratory approved by the board.
 - J. Independent testing requirements for electronic gambling equipment when required by the board shall include a certification from a board-approved testing laboratory that the electronic gambling equipment tested meets the manufacturing standards and requirements as established in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and in conformance with game procedures as provided by the manufacturer. The certification must include:

118.1	(1) a detailed description of the equipment and related software applications
118.2	that were tested, including applicable model numbers of specific equipment and the
118.3	software version of the application used for testing;
118.4	(2) the specific reference to the standard being tested and a statement
118.5	that the equipment meets the standard; and
118.6	(3) any additional findings or issues of concern that might affect the
118.7	performance or play of the equipment.
118.8	K. Independent testing of electronic gambling equipment includes:
118.9	(1) electronic pull-tab systems;
118.10	(2) electronic pull-tab devices;
118.11	(3) programmable electronic devices;
118.12	(4) upgrades or changes to previously approved and tested equipment;
118.13	(5) other technical hardware devices used in conjunction with lawful
118.14	gambling equipment; and
118.15	(6) software applications and version upgrades used in conjunction with
118.16	lawful gambling equipment.
118.17 118.18	7864.0240 MANUFACTURER OPERATIONS, ACCOUNTS, REPORTS, AND RECORDS.
118.19	Subpart 1. Sales and lease restrictions and requirements. This subpart does not
118.20	pertain to gambling equipment designated for sale to an Indian tribe. In addition to the
118.21	requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 349.163, a manufacturer must comply with
118.22	the following.
118.23	A. A manufacturer must be able to identify the person to whom gambling

equipment is sold or leased and provide the recipient's identity upon the board's request.

7864.0240 118

JSK/JK

119.1

119.9

119.10

119.12

119.13

119.14

119.15

119.16

119.17

119.18

119.19

119.20

119.21

119.22

119.23

119.24

[For text	of items	B to 3	E, see	M.R.]

- F. For electronic pull-tab devices, a manufacturer must provide a monthly invoice based on a predetermined lease amount.

 G. A lease for an electronic pull-tab system and devices between a manufacturer and a distributor must include:

 (1) the distributor's license number;

 (2) the terms of the lease agreement;

 (3) a clause prohibiting electronic pull-tab devices from being transferred
 - (3) a clause prohibiting electronic pull-tab devices from being transferred to another permitted premises unless prior written approval by the board is obtained; and
 - (4) a termination clause.
- H. The lease amount of an electronic pull-tab system and devices:
 - (1) must be based on a predetermined lease amount; and
 - (2) must not be based on a percentage of gross receipts.
 - I. The manufacturer must submit a copy of a lease agreement to the board within ten days of signing or amending a lease agreement.
 - Subp. 1a. Lawful gambling equipment sold or leased on an exclusive basis; restrictions and agreements. This subpart pertains to gambling equipment designed or manufactured by a licensed manufacturer for sale or lease on an exclusive basis to a distributor or linked bingo game provider.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

- C. To sell gambling equipment on an exclusive basis to only one licensed distributor, the manufacturer must document the terms in a valid, written exclusivity agreement. The written agreement must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) effective date and termination date of the agreement;

VE A POOL	EVISOR	
-----------	--------	--

120.1	(2) escape clause, if any;
120.2	(3) the game name and form number, if any;
120.3	(4) a statement that the gambling equipment will not be sold by the
120.4	manufacturer to any other distributor unless the agreement has expired or is otherwise
120.5	terminated;
120.6	(5) a statement that if the agreement is terminated and the gambling
120.7	equipment is sold by the manufacturer to other distributors, the distributor is not entitled
120.8	to any royalty or sales residuals of that gambling equipment;
120.9	(6) a statement that if a distributor's license is terminated for any reason,
120.10	the agreement becomes null and void, and any gambling equipment in the distributor's
120.11	inventory that were purchased or leased on an exclusive basis must be returned to the
120.12	manufacturer or destroyed by the distributor. If the gambling equipment is returned to the
120.13	manufacturer upon termination of the distributor's license, that gambling equipment may
120.14	be resold by the manufacturer to other distributors; and
120.15	(7) signatures of both parties to the agreement.
120.16	This item does not apply to written agreements in effect prior to the effective date of
120.17	this rule.
120.18	[For text of item D, see M.R.]
120.19	[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]
120.20	Subp. 4. Return of paper pull-tab and tipboard games; determination of
120.21	defective game; credit invoice issued. A manufacturer must accept the return of a game
120.22	of paper pull-tabs or tipboards from a distributor if the game was not manufactured
120.23	according to the standards in part 7864.0230 and take the following corrective actions.
120.24	A. For games returned before being put into play, the following apply.

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

120

7864.0240

121.1

121.4

121.5

121.6

121.7

121.8

121.9

121.12

121.13

121.14

121.15

121.16

121.17

[For text of item B, see M.R.]

- Subp. 4a. Defective electronic pull-tab game. This subpart applies if an electronic 121.2 pull-tab game is found to be defective but not in play. 121.3
 - A. The manufacturer must remove the game from the system and notify the Gambling Control Board of the defective electronic pull-tab game within one business day. If the defect does not affect the outcome of the game, the director must first approve resolution of the defect.
 - B. The manufacturer may resolve the defect:
- (1) If the resolution is determined by the board to not have an effect on the outcome of an electronic pull-tab game, the director may approve the amended game as 121.10 defined in part 7864.0235, subpart 38, item F. 121.11
 - (2) If the resolution is determined by the board to be a change affecting the outcome of an electronic pull-tab game, the manufacturer must assign the game a new form number and resubmit the game for recertification by an independent testing laboratory and Gambling Control Board approval.
 - C. In addition to the reports required in subparts 5 and 6, the manufacturer must file monthly with the board a report of games pulled from play and removed from inventory.
- 121.18 Subp. 4b. Defective, altered, lost, or stolen electronic pull-tab device.
- A. If a distributor notifies a manufacturer that an electronic pull-tab device is 121.19 defective or has been altered, lost, or stolen, the manufacturer must immediately disable 121.20 the device and notify the board. 121.21
- B. The manufacturer must report to the board any removal of a defective or 121.22 121.23 an altered electronic pull-tab device at a site, or any lost or stolen device, within one business day. 121.24

•	
122.1	Subp. 5. Returned gambling equipment report required. A manufacturer who
122.2	accepts returns of gambling equipment not manufactured according to the standards in
122.3	parts 7864.0230 and 7864.0235 must file a report with the board no later than the 10th
122.4	day of the following month. The report must be in a format approved by the board and
122.5	include the following information:
122.6	A. manufacturer's name and license number, and name and license number of
122.7	the distributor returning the equipment;
122.8	B. month and year of the report;
122.9	C. standards which were not met, actions taken to bring the equipment into
122.10	compliance, and for paper and electronic pull-tab games and tipboard games, a statement
122.11	that the games were destroyed if they could not be brought into compliance;
122.12	D. for paper and electronic pull-tab games and tipboard games, the number
122.13	of deals and the form numbers;
122.14	[For text of items E to G, see M.R.]
122.15	Subp. 6. Recall of gambling equipment; credit invoices. If a manufacturer sells
122.16	gambling equipment that is not in compliance with parts 7864.0230 and 7864.0235, the
122.17	board may require the manufacturer to take corrective action, including a recall, if the
122.18	integrity of the game is harmed or the fair play of the game may be adversely affected.
122.19	These provisions also apply to a recall initiated by a manufacturer.
122.20	[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
122.21	D. If a recalled paper pull-tab or tipboard game cannot be brought into
122.22	compliance with the standards, the manufacturer must destroy the game. At the board's
122.23	request, the manufacturer must submit an affidavit stating that the equipment was destroyed.

[For text of subps 7 and 8, see M.R.]

7864.0240 122

7865.0240 STAYS OF IMPOSITION FOR SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR CIVIL FINE.

123.1

123.2

123.3

123.4

123.5

123.6

123.7

123.8

123.9

Subpart 1. **Entitlement.** A licensee subject to a board order for a suspension or revocation or a civil fine is entitled to a stay of imposition of that sanction upon filing an appeal to the Court of Appeals. A licensee is not entitled to a stay of imposition if the board determines that the potential or actual harm to the public and the integrity of lawful gambling resulting from the grant of such a stay would exceed the harm to the licensee from the denial of such a stay.

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

7865.0240 123